Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft FOEIVED

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Munich, 7 November 2006

Excellent reinsurance business performance in the first three quarters: Combined ratio of 92.1% / Comparatively low major-loss burden from natural catastrophes / Primary insurance: ERGO with outstanding result / Return on risk-adjusted capital at 16.5% after three quarters / Target of 15% for the year will be clearly surpassed as things stand at present / Given normal claims experience and stable capital markets until the end of the year, consolidated profit in the range of €3.2–3.4bn achievable / Another dividend increase in prospect / Share buy-back of €1bn

"We have achieved another extraordinarily good quarterly result, which boosts our shareholders' equity further. Following the substantial dividend increase in April, we are now offering our shareholders a share buy-back", said Jörg Schneider, member of the Board of Management, adding that this capital management measure would also reinforce the disciplined underwriting policy in reinsurance. Growth would continue to be sought only where the Group's return targets could be met, said Schneider in a media telephone conference.

Evetails of the share buy-back: Up to the Annual General Meeting in April 2007, Munich Re will acquire own shares with a purchase price of up to €1bn via the stock exchange – at the current share price level, this would be nearly eight million shares or 3.4% of the share capital. The shares will then be retired. The parameters for acquiring up to 10% of the share capital were created at the last Annual General Meeting. Full details of Munich Re's first-ever share buy-back will be published in the next few days.

With regard to business performance in the first nine months of 2006, Schneider said when presenting the quarterly figures: "Our interim result is very positive, even if allowance is made for the unusually good claims experience and the favourable stock market situation. As things stand at present, we will clearly surpass our 15% RORAC target for 2006. Provided the capital

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malikets and claims experience remain within normal bounds up to end of the year, the consolidated profit should be between €3.2bn and €3.4bn. That would be the third record year in succession." Given the excellent business performance, Schneider sees the possibility of increasing the dividend again.

Summary of the Munich Re Group's Q1-Q3 figures (See attachment for further details)

In the first nine months of 2006, the Munich Re Group recorded an outstanding profit of €2.361m (first nine months of 2005: €1,390m). The operating result grew by 60.4% to €4,638m (2,891m). Gross premiums written amounted to €28.1bn, a level which – adjusted for disposals (e.g. Karlsruhei in October 2005) and positive exchange-rate influences - is about the same as last year's. Shareholders' equity has risen by 5.1% to €25.7bn since the beginning of the year (31.12.2005: €24.4bn), primarily due to the very good development of results.

Reinsurance: High profit of €2,361m / Below-average claims burdens / Risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions will be consistently maintained

The result in reinsurance business benefited from risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions In contrast to the same period last year, Munich Re was also largely spared major losses from natural catastrophes in the first three quarters of the current year.

The operating result increased to €3,694m (2,154m) in the first nine months, and reinsurance contributed €2,361m (1,030m) to the Group profit. The reinsurers' investment result declined to a still excellent €3,409m (3,637m), because net realised gains on disposals were €287m below last year's figure. Buoyed by positive developments in exchange rates, premium income was up slightly by 0.6% to €16.8bn (16.7bn).

In the life and health segment, premium income was around last year's level at €5.8bn, and the segment contributed €429m (682m) to the profit. By establishing Munich Reinsurance Company - Life Reinsurance Eastern Europe/Central Asia in Moscow, Munich Re is the first foreign reinsurer to have its own company in the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS). In order to carry on growing organically and profitably in life reinsurance. Munich Re intends to take advantage of the promising economic development and pent-up demand for old-age provision in the CIS.

In property-casualty reinsurance, premium grew slightly to €11.0bn (10.9bn) and the result jurnped to €1,932m (348m). The combined ratio came to an excellent 92.1% (108.2%). As the number of major losses from natural catastrophes was below average in the first nine months, these events only had an impact of 0.7 (12.6) percentage points. In the two previous years, severe tropical cyclones had burdened the results. Torsten Jeworrek, member of Munich Re's Board of Management in charge of reinsurance operations, stressed the persistent threat from natural catastrophes: "The moderate hurricane season to date does not break the trend. The cyclical warm phase in the Atlantic and man-made global warming entail a substantial increase in extreme weather anomalies. There are no grounds for relaxing or being complacent. We must continue to face the prospect of severe natural catastrophes whose loss potential is huge and growing, given the increasing concentration of values. It is to this loss potential that we will have to gear our prices, terms and conditions."

In the renewal negotiations in non-life reinsurance at 1 July 2006 in the USA and Latin America, the focus was on property and offshore energy risks with natural catastrophe exposure (especially oil rigs). In the light of the general increase in risk awareness and the considerable upward revision of the loss potential, it proved possible to implement the necessary substantial price increases.

Primary insurance: Substantial profit increase at ERGO / Very good combined ratio

In the first nine months, the primary insurers in the Munich Re Group improved their operating result to €997m (795m), and their profit rose significantly to €573m (461m). The ERGO Insurance Group, which writes about 95% of the gross premiums in Munich Re's primary insurance segment, contributed particularly to the positive development, with an increased profit of €566m (416m). Its combined ratio for property-casualty business including legal expenses insurance amounted to a very good 90.6% (93.0%) and that of the whole primary insurance group, i.e. including Europäische Reiseversicherung and Watkins Syndicate, to 91.0% (93.4%). The investment result in the primary insurance segment totalled €3,700m (4,€14m), declining due to a decrease of €425m in gains on disposals and an increase of €269m in write-downs, especially of hedging instruments (owing to the rise in interest rates).

Gross premiums written fell to €12.4bn (13.3bn), with ERGO writing an unchanged amount of €11.8bn. This reduction reflects last year's sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group and the Nieuwe Hollandse Lloyd Verzekeringsgroep (NHL). Without these sales, the Munich Re Group's primary insurance premium would have risen slightly by 0.8%.

The life and health insurers recorded premium of €8.4bn (9.1bn) and contributed €175m (136m) to the Munich Re Group's result.

- Premium income in life fell in the first nine months to €4.6bn (5.4bn). Even after
 adjusting the figures for the sale of Karlsruher and NHL, this still amounts to a decrease
 of 2.4%. Growth in pension insurance was positive, especially in "Riester" business:
 since January, a total of 100,000 new policies were sold an increase of 46.5%
 compared with the same period last year.
- Premiums in the health segment grew by 4.2% to €3.8bn, mainly due to business with supplementary insurance, where premium rose to €712m (649m). Debate about the health reform in Germany is creating uncertainty among clients throughout the market and thus curbing growth in comprehensive health insurance. "The Munich Re Group continues to regard the rules currently planned by the German government for private health insurance as unsatisfactory and in some respects even unconstitutional", said Jörg Schneider.

The property-casualty insurers (including legal expenses insurance) achieved a rise in their profit to €398m (325m) in the first three quarters. Premium volume declined by 5.8% to €4.0bn (4.2bn). Adjusted for the sale of Karlsruher and NHL, premium grew by 1.8% overall. Outside Germany, the property-casualty insurers recorded high growth especially in Poland and the Baltic states. Premiums in legal expenses insurance (adjusted for the above-mentioned sales) also grew as a result of the positive trend in foreign business. In German motor insurance, premium income decreased, partly because of the selected underwriting approach to fleet business.

Investments: Result at a high level of €7.0bn

The Munich Re Group's investments totalled €178.2bn as at 30 September (31.12.2005: €177.2bn). For the first nine months of the year, the Group achieved a very good investment result of €6,993m (8,052m). In the third quarter, too, advantage was taken of the favourable mood on the capital markets to restructure or sell investment portfolios. At the end of September, the proportion of investments in equities amounted to 13.5% (31.12.2005: 14.0%) at market values.

Outlook for the business year 2006 as a whole: Premium volume at last year's level / Positive business development in primary insurance and reinsurance / Improved combined ratios

Munich Re is continuing to systematically pursue its policy of risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions. Torsten Jeworrek on reinsurance: "Discipline and stability will be our watchwords in the forthcoming renewals at the turn of the year. In 2006, we were able to achieve substantial price increases for natural catastrophe risks in the US market; this level is risk-adequate. For the European markets, we expect at least stable prices." Jeworrek continued: "Where necessary, we will detach ourselves in proportional business from developments on the primary insurance market."

In primary insurance, Munich Re expects premium income to rise slightly. At the beginning of October, ERGO acquired a majority stake in the Turkish insurance group Isviçre, including the country's fifth-largest property-casualty insurer, Isviçre Sigorta, whose focus is on personal lines business. The Group is also active in the strongly growing segments of life and health. ERGO is thus excellently positioned to tap the great opportunities offered by the Turkish market in the years ahead.

Munich Re reckons that, with stable exchange rates, the Group's premium income for the whole of 2006 is likely to be between €37bn and €38bn and thus at the same level (adjusted for the sales of subsidiaries) as last year. Before consolidation, it currently expects reinsurance to provide approximately €22–23bn of this, and primary insurance around €16.5–17.0bn.

Schneider was confident of achieving a combined ratio of below 95% for reinsurance in 2006. However, the tropical cyclone season was not yet over. He pointed out that the autumn and winter storms typical of this time of year in Northern Europe might also result in large claims burdens, as indicated by last week's events on the North Sea coast. In primary insurance, another combined ratio of around 93% should be achievable for 2006. "We would then surpass our targets in both reinsurance and primary insurance and be on course for another record result", said Schneider.

Change in Munich Re's Central Division: Press

Rainer Küppers (60), for over 30 years responsible for various aspects of public relations work under the Chairman of the Board of Management, especially for the Munich Re Group's media activities at home and abroad, will be stepping down after the balance sheet press conference on 20 March 2007 at his own request. Until the end of the active period of his semi-retirement, he will act as consultant to the members of the Boards of Management and communication personnel of the Group's companies. His successor will be Dr. Christian Lawrence, currently head of global communications at Allianz Global Investors. Like his predecessor, Dr. Lawrence will report directly to the Chairman of the Board of Management.

The Munich Re Group operates worldwide, turning risk into value. In the business year 2005, it achieved a profit of €2,743m, the highest in its 126-year corporate history. In 2005, its premium income amounted to approximately €38bn and its investments to around €177bn. The Group is characterised by particularly pronounced diversification. It has approximately 38,000 employees at over 50 locations throughout the world and operates in all lines of insurance. With premium income of around €22bn in the year 2005 from reinsurance alone, it is one of the world's leading reinsurers. Its primary insurance operations are mainly concentrated in the ERGO Insurance Group, the second-largest provider in the German primary insurance market and a leading player in several other European insurance markets both in health insurance and legal expenses cover.

Disclaimer

This press release contains forward-looking statements that are based on current assumptions and forecasts of the management of Munich Re. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could lead to material differences between the forward-looking statements given here and the actual development, in particular the results, financial situation and performance of our Company. The Company assumes no liability to update these forward-looking statements or to conform them to future events or developments.

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The quarterly report 3/2006 and the presentation for today's media telephone conference can be viewed at www.munichre.com in German and English.

Munich, 7 November 2006

Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft signed Schneider signed Küppers

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OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

7 Nʻovember¦2006

Munich Re decides to buy back shares / Excellent business performance in the first three quarters

Share buy-back of EUR 1bn
Excellent reinsurance business
performance in the first three
quarters
Primary insurance: ERGO with

outstanding result
Return on risk-adjusted capital at
16.5% after three quarters / Target of
15% for the year will be clearly
surpassed as things stand at
present

Given normal claims experience and stable capital markets until the end of the year, consolidated profit in the range of EUR 3.2–3.4bn achievable Another dividend increase in prospect

Munich Re decides to buy back shares

Today, the Board of Management of Munich Reinsurance Company ("Munich Re") decided that up to 11,000,000 Munich Re shares will be acquired via the stock exchange in the period between 8 November 2006 and, at the latest, the Annual General Meeting on 26 April 2007. The share buyback will be restricted to a total purchase price (excluding additional charges) of EUR 1bn; on the basis of the share price level on 2 November 2006, this would be nearly eight million shares or 3.4% of the share capital.

The Board of Management is thus availing itself of the authorisation to buy back shares granted by the

Annual General Meeting on 19 April 2006. The pulpose of the share buy-back is to retire the repurchased shares in order to optimise the Company's capital structure.

The buy-back will be carried out in accordance with Section 14 para. 2 and Section 20a para. 3 of the German Securities Trading Act in conjunction with the rules of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 22/73/2003 of 22 December 2003 implementing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards exemptions for buy-back programmes and stabilisation of financial instruments.

Surnmary of the Munich Re Group's Q1—Q3 figures
In the first nine months of 2006, the Munich Re
Group recorded an outstanding profit of
EUR 2,861m (first nine months of 2005:
EUR 1,390m). The operating result grew by 60.4%
to EUR 4,638m (2,891m). Gross premiums written
amounted to EUR 28.1bn, a level which — adjusted
for disposals (e.g. Karlsruher in October 2005) and
positive exchange-rate influences — is about the
same as last year's. Shareholders' equity has risen
by 5.1% to EUR 25.7bn since the beginning of the
year (31.12.2005: EUR 24.4bn), primarily due to the
very good development of results.

Reinsurance: High profit of EUR 2,361m / Below-average claims burdens

The result in reinsurance business benefited from risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions. In contrast to the same period last year, Munich Re was also largely spared major losses from natural catastrophes in the first three quarters of the current year.

The operating result increased to EUR 3,694m (2,154m) in the first nine months, and reinsurance contributed EUR 2,361m (1,030m) to the Group profit. Buoyed by positive developments in exchange rates, premium income was up slightly by 0.6% to EUR 16.8bn (16.7bn).

In the life and health segment, premium income was around last year's level at EUR 5.8bn, and the segment contributed EUR 429m (682m) to the profit.

In property-casualty reinsurance, premium grew slightly to EUR 11.0bn (10.9bn), whilst the result jumped to EUR 1,932m (348m). The combined ratio came to an excellent 92.1% (108.2%).

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In the first nine months, the primary insurers in the Munich Re Group improved their operating result to EUR 997m (795m), and their profit rose significantly to EUR 573m (461m). The ERGO insurance Group, which writes about 95% of the gross premiums in Munich Re's primary insurance segment, contributed particularly to the positive development, with an increased profit of EUR 566m (416m). Its combined ratio for property-casualty business including legal expenses insurance amounted to a very good 90.6% (93.0%) and that of the whole primary insurance group to 91.0% (93.4%).

Investments: Result at a high level of EUR 7.0bn
The Munich Re Group's investments totalled EUR
178.2bn as at 30 September (31.12.2005:
EUR 177.2bn). For the first nine months of the year, the Group achieved a very good investment result of EUR 6,993m (8,052m). In the third quarter, too, advantage was taken of the favourable mood on the capital markets to restructure or sell investment portfolios.

Outlook for the business year 2006 as a whole: Premium volume at last year's level / Positive business development in primary insurance and reinsurance / Improved combined ratios Munich Re reckons that, with stable exchange rates, the Group's premium income for the whole of 2006 is likely to be between EUR 37bn and EUR 38bn and thus at the same level (adjusted for sales of subsidiaries) as last year. Before consolidation, it currently expects reinsurance to provide approximately EUR 22–23bn of this, and primary insurance around EUR 16.5-17.0bn. Munich Re is confident of achieving a combined ratio of below 95% for reinsurance in 2006. In primary insurance, another combined ratio of around 93% should be achievable for 2006. As things stand at present, the RORAC target of 15% for 2006 will be clearly surpassed. Provided the capital markets and claims experience remain within normal bounds up to end of the year, the consolidated profit should be between EUR 3.2bn and EUR 3.4bn. Given the excellent business performance, the Board of Management sees the possibility of increasing the dividend again, unless there are exceptional adverse developments in the fourth quarter.

Further details may be obtained from the press release.

Munich, 7 November 2006

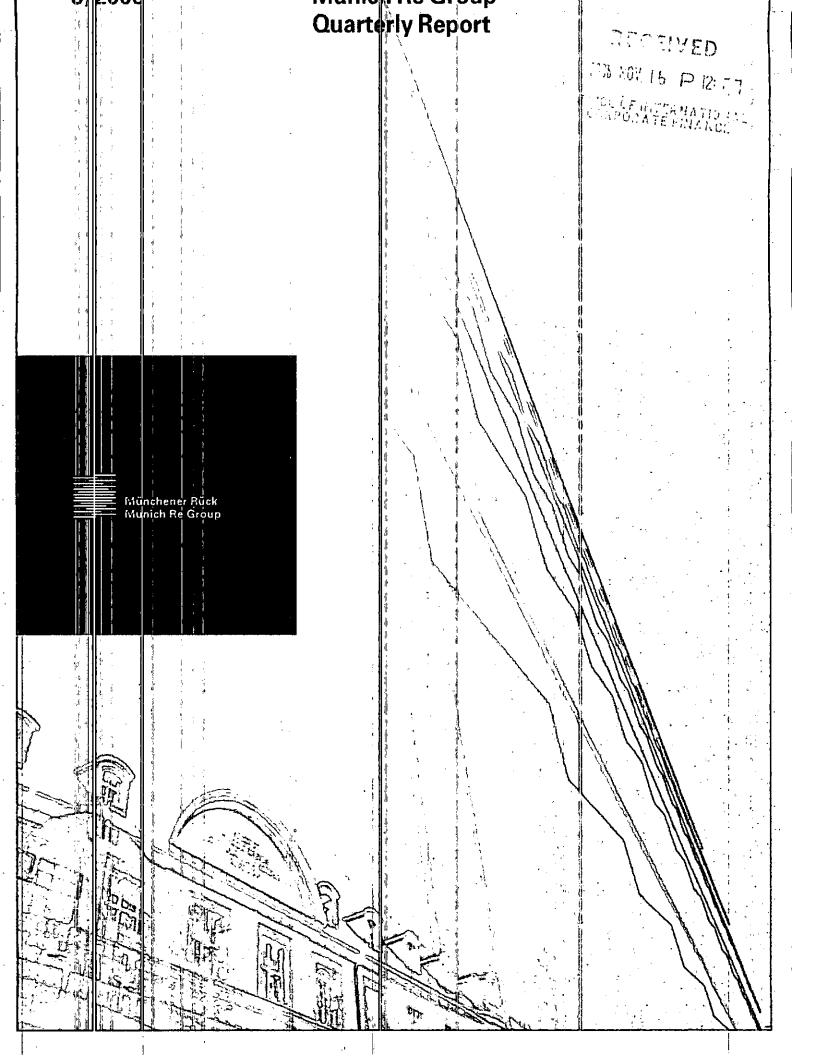
Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft

Aktiengesellschaft in München Königinstraße 107 80802 München Germany

Disclaimer:

This announcement contains forward looking statements that are based on current assumptions and forecasts of the management of Munich Re. Krown and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could lead to material differences between the forward-looking statements given here and the actual development, in particular the results, financial situation and performance of our Company. The Company assumes no liability to update these forward-looking statements or to conform them to future events or developments.

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Supervisory Board

Dr. Hans-Jürgen Schinzler (Chairman)

Board of Management

Dr. Nikolaus von Bomhard (Chairman)

Dr. Ludger Arnoldussen (from 1 October 2006)

Dr. Thomas Blunck

Georg Daschner

Dr. Heiner Hasford

Dr. Torsten Jeworrek

Christian Kluge (until 31 December 2006)

John Phelan

Dr. Jörg Schneider

Dr. Wolfgang Strassi

Karl Wittmann (until 31 December 2006)

Munich Re Group Key figures (IFRS)

				Q	-3 2006	Q1-3 2005 ^{1, 2}	Change %	Q3 2006	Q3 2005 ^{1, 2}	Change %
Gross prei	niums writ	ten	€m	ΙÏ	28,080	28,625	-1.9	9,017	9,245	-2.5
Investmen	result	No.	€m]	6,993	8,052	-13.2	2,236	3,078	-27.4
Result bof	re impairr	hent losses of goodwill	€m	Ī	4,638	2,895	60.2	1,316	656	100.6
Taxes on i	come	2	€m	ĪĪ	1,539	1,211	27.1	510	56	810.7
Consolida Thereof		to minority interests	€m €m		2,861 62	1,390 50	105.8 24.0	732 17	514 20	42.4 -15.0
Earnings p	ershare	2	ε	\prod	12.29	5.87	109.4	3.15	2.17	45.2
Combined	ratio	경 5 1		,		-		ł)		
- Reinsur	nce non-li	(e	%		92.1	108.2	j	92.0	124.6	
- Primary	insurance	property-casualty	%	Ì	91.0	93.4		89.1	91.3	

Adjusted pwing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004). Details can be found in the notes on recognition and measurement.

Adjusted pwing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005. Details can be found in the notes on recognition and measurement in the Group Annual Report 2005.

			:	30.9.2006	31.12.2005	Change %
Investmen	a		€m	178,167	177,171	0.6
Equity	į į	Ĭ	m3	25,651	24,3971	5.1
Net under	vriting provisions	: 1	€m	155,287	154,0481	0.8
Staff	4	j		36,788	37,953	-3.1
Share pric	b		€	124.71	114.38	9.0
Munich Re	s market capitalisation		€bn	28.6	26.3	9.0

Adjusted pwing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

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To dur shareholders



Dr. Nikolaus von Bomhard Chairman of Munich Re's Board of Management

Dear Shareholders,

Municipal Recontinued to develop very well in the third quarter. A result of €732m, a combined ratio of 92.0% in reinsurance and 89.1% in primary insurance – these figures speak for themselves, though they will not make us complacent.

The exceptionally good result is partly due to the fact that, unlike in the two previous years, we have been spared severe natural catastrophes, especially in the hurricane season now coming to an end. But that is not the decisive factor absorbing random fluctuations is part of our business as a reinsurer. That we have now been able to report positive quarterly results for more than three years in succession reflects, above all, our intensive efforts to gear our basic reinsurance business to sustained profitability. And we will not cease working to refir e the tools with which we manage our risks and steer our business. The consequence of this approach is a marked improvement in the stability of our results

Stible results at a high level are in the interests of our investors. The performance of Munich Re's share price in the last few months shows that the capital markets are increasingly registering and appreciating our efforts to manage and stibilise our result. In the first three quarters of this year, Munich Re's share price rose appreciably, outperforming the DAX and the DJ EURO STOXX 50. Given hat capital markets are volatile, it would be wrong to simply extrapolate this trend in linear fashion, of course, but I still see good potential for further upward movement in our share price.

I would welcome such a development, especially in the interests of our investors, both institutional and private. In recent years, our shareholder profile has changed considerably. As a result of the process of reducing cross-holdings in the German financial industry, former major shareholders have sold their shares in Munich Re. The group of investors has thus broadened both in composition and geographically. I regard the way this substantial shift has been accomplished in the capital markets as a success, and evidence of the confidence in our shares.

Our attention continues to focus on private investors as well as major shareholders, since we also attach great importance to private individuals in resting directly in Munich Re shares. We aim to encourage their interest by, among other things, further improving their access to information about Munich Re and through the service we provide in relation to our shares.

Ultimately, however, the crucial point is that Munich Re remains an attractive investment, particularly compared with our competitors. This objective is also served by active capital management, something to which we are committed. In the light of this, we have decided to buy back shares with a volume of up to one billion euros. The buy-back is to be completed by the Annual General Maeting or 26 April 2007, and the repurchased shares will be retired in order to optimise our capital structure. Together with our dividend policy, we believe this step makes clear that we take the subject of capital management just as seriously as risk management.

If our business performs as expected in the remaining weeks of this year, 2006 should be yet another very satisfactory year for our shareholders.

Yours sincerely,

Key parameters

- ⇒ Global growth remains robust
- Cooling of the US economy now appreciable
- Growth climate in the eurozone still positive

Overall, as in the previous quarters, the global economy sustained its robust growth in the period under review, although development in the USA was subject to considerable strains. Growth in China, however, remained high, and in the eurozone the positive economic climate also continued by and large, even if some early indicators were already signalling a cooling tendency.

According to initial estimates, the US economy grew by 1.6% in real terms in the third quarter, i.e. when seasonally adjusted and annualised. Having already slowed consideral ly between April and June (2.6%), growth thus decreased again, due not least to the housing market, which continued to weaken. In the eurozone, early indicators such as the purchasing manager's index for the manufacturing industry pointed to a still positive economic climate, although there are signs of a moderate slackening. Despite the ifo business climate index falling slightly in the third quarter, the economic situation also remained favourable in Germany. Once again, the German labour market benefited from the positive development.

The third-quarter economic data received thus far for Japan are ambivalent: whereas several figures were worse than anticipated by the market participants (e.g. for industrial production and new orders in mechanical engineering), the business climate improved. China lost some momentum in the period under review, with growth dropping to an estimated 10.4% compared with the previous year. On the whole, the other emerging markets of Asia,

eastern Europe and Latin America also benefited from the continued stability of the global economy.

On the foreign exchange markets, the euro had fallen back slightly by the end of September to US\$ 1.27, which nevertheless represents an increase compared with its. closing rate in the previous year (US\$ 1.18). Against the Japanese yen, the euro also gained ground somewhat on its position at the end of 2005, closing the quarter at ¥149.56. Inflation rates moved down in both the USA and the eurozone. The Federal Reserve retained the same federal funds rate in the reporting period, whereas the European Central Bank increased its key interest rate again by a quarter of a percentage point to 3.00% in August, before adding a further 0.25 percentage points in October. Against a background of economic cooling, long-term interest rates in the USA and the eurozone sank. For the most part, investments on the international stock markets yielded price gains.

In the coming twelve months, we expect worldwide economic growth to slacken and the US economy to grow at rates below those of recent years. A slowdown is also likely in the eurozone. In addition, significant risks continue to threaten the world economy: geopolitical uncertainties (Middle East, oil price), a greater-than-expected weakening of the US economy, the risk of a marked decrease in the value of the dollar as a consequence of the still-high US current account deficit, a significant increase in credit spreads, and a bird flu pandemic.

Business experience from 1 January to 30 September 2006

Reinsurance

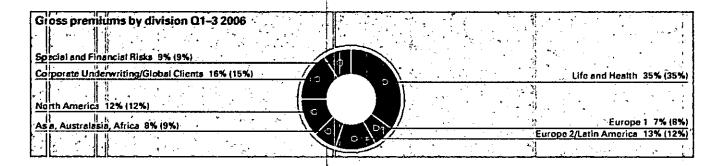
- Excellent consolidated result of £2.4bn in the first three quarters
 Outstanding combined ratio of 92.1%
- Low burden from major losses, with risk-adequate prices
 Successful renewals at 1 July 2006

Compared with the same period last year, which was impacted by substantial losses especially from natural catastrophes, the Munich Re Group's reinsurance result for the third quarter 2006 was under much less pressure, particularly because we were not affected by any severe natural catastrophes in the period under review. Moreover, an attractive environment allowed us to largely maintain and, where necessary, optimise the conditions of our basic business, which we had already improved considerably in the preceding renewals.

The consolidated result of our reinsurers climbed to €605m (345m) in the third quarter and totalled €2,361m (1,030m) for the first three quarters.

Premium income decreased marginally to €5.50bn (5.51bn) in the months July to September and showed a year-on-year rise in the first three quarters of 0.6% to €16.8bn (16.7bn).

The average exchange rate for the euro against the most important currencies for us was somewhat lower in the first three quarters compared with the same period last year. These currency translation effects raised our premium volume by €217m, an amount which includes negative currency translation effects of €21m resulting from a strengthening of the euro in the third quarter.



In the renewal negotiations in non-life reinsurance at 1 July 2006 in the USA and Latin America, we achieved appreciable price increases, especially for property and of shore energy risks with natural catastrophe exposure, such as oil rigs. The reason for this is the noticeable increase in the frequency and size of claims incurred in these lines in previous years, which has been responsible for a general rise in risk awareness and a considerably, higher assessment of the loss potential involved. With our competence in writing this business, we see ourselves woll-equipped to evaluate these risks adequately; we therefore continue to be able to cover them at risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions. The reinsurance markets are also increasingly coming to realise that commensurate terms and conditions are absolutely essential. Munich Re has maintained its overall liability for natural catastrophe covers at the same level, whilst further optimising its portfolio and thus improving its sustainable profit expectations.

In areas not exposed to natural catastrophes, we were generally able to keep prices constant at risk-adequate levels.

In the segment of life and health reinsurance, our premium income in the third quarter was unchanged at €1.9bn. In the first nine months of 2006, premium totalled €5.8bn (5.8bn). By establishing Munich Reinsurance Company – Life Reinsurance Eastern Europe/Central Asia, Munich Reis the first foreign reinsurer to have its own company operating in Moscow. We are thus entering a new era in the support of our life reinsurance clients and expect that the general economic upswing in this region will also trigger substantial growth in the insurance markets.

Our premium income in property-casualty reinsurance decreased slightly by 0.5% to €3.56bn (3.58bn) in the quarter under review, and rose by 0.8% to €11.0bn (10.9bn) for the first nine months.

Essentially, stagnating premium volume continues to be attributable to our strict adherence to the principle of "profit bility before growth" in underwriting. As part of our related portfolio management, we are converting our reinsurance treaties in certain market segments and for specific clients to non-proportional covers if and insofar as this allows us to create higher added value. We are prepared to accept that the premium volume generated in these cases is lower than under proportional treaty forms of cover. Nevertheless, we have already partially offset the lower volume with the large rate increases we achieved in last year's treaty renewals for property and offshore energy risks with natural catastrophe exposure in the USA and Latin America.

We expect premium growth impulses from our licence for transacting ReTakaful business in the Malaysian life and non-life sector. Munich Re is the first foreign reinsurer to offer reinsurance cover in compliance with the principles of Islamic theology and thus presents itself as a suitable partner for the growing number of Takaful companies in the Islamic world.

The operating result in reinsurance totalled €1,107m (314m) in the third quarter and €3,694m (2,154m) in the first nine months of 2006.

Compared with the same period last year, the impact from major losses was below average at €146m (1,367m) in the third quarter and €564m (1,779m) in the first nine months, a welcome feature being that we were not affected

by severe natural catastrophe losses in the third quarter, with its usually strong seasonal burden. The combined ratio consequently stood at an excellent 92.0% (124.6%) for the months of July to September 2006 and at 92.1% (108.2%) for the first three quarters.

Our reinsurers' investment result totalled €1,056m (1,458m) in the third quarter and €3,409m (3,637m) for the period from January to September.

Since long-term interest rates fell again in the period under review and stock markets developed favourably, valuation reserves grew. The valuation reserves for non-fixed-interest securities available for sale show a rise of €628m since the end of June 2006, despite realised capital gains amounting to €295m. Net unrealised gains on fixed-interest securities available for sale grew by €996m in the same period.

In September, Munich Re's largest subsidiary, American Re-Insurance Company, was renamed Munich Reinsurance America, Inc. The name change is a logical step in the extensive integration of American Re into the Munich Re Group and accentuates our clear and unambiguous commitment both to the significant US market and to our subsidiary American Re, now Munich Re America. The company will hence be able to benefit more strongly from the global Munich Re brand name, which stands for exceptional financial strength, know-how and innovation in the insurance industry.

Key reinsurance figures

		Q1-3 2006 Q1-3 20051	Q3 2006 (5 Q3 2005)
Gross premiums written	₽ 7" .€bn	16.8 [5 5 16.7]	5.5∤ ో 5.5,
Loss ratic non-life	1 4 % to	65.1 79.8	64.5
Expense atio non-life	Mr. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	27.0	27.5
Combine 3 ratio non-life Thereof natural catastrophes	% Percentage points	92.1	92.0 0.4 124.6 32.9
Investment result	£m.	3,409 3,637	1,056
Result before impairment losses of goodwill	∰ Em	3,694 2,154	1,107
Consolidated result	Em Em	2,361 1,030	605 345
'Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).			

		Mary of the second		30.9.2006 31.12.2005 j
Investments 🛵		Mr. Strain	Cbn]	86.5 87.0
Net unde writing pri	ovisions	116 - 13.33	± 1 2 1 €bn	62.2 63.4

Primary insurance

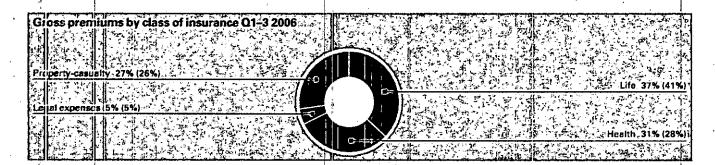
Very satisfactory consolidated result of €573m in the first nine months Combined ratio still very good at 91.0%

Premium development influenced by previous year's disposals

Ongoing uncertainty about health reform

The Munich Re Group's primary insurers, essentially comprising the ERGO Insurance Group, Europäische Reiseversicherung and the Watkins Syndicate, posted an operating result of €202m in the third quarter of 2006. In the same period last year, the result of €300m had been positively influenced by gains on disposals which had been almost twice as high. Given the much lower result of disposals compared with the previous year, our operating result between January and September was a very satisfactory €997m (795m), equivalent to an increase of 25.4%. The consolidated result for the first three quarters of 2006. to alled €573m (461m), of which €125m (137m) was

apportionable to the period July to September. At €3.9bn, gross premiums written were 6.6% lower in the months July to September than in the same period last year (€4.1bn). Adjusted for the sale of Karlsruher Insurance Group in the second half of 2005, this corresponded to a modest decline of 0.1%. All in all, gross premiums have shown a decrease of 6.7% to €12.4bn (13.3bn) since the beginning of the year. This reduction reflects both the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group and that of the Nieuwe Hollandse Lloyd Verzekeringsgroep (NHL) at 30 June 2005



Our life insurers wrote gross premiums of €1.5bn (1.7bn) in the third quarter of 2006, a reduction of 13.7% compared with the same period last year. In the course of this year, premium volume fell by 14.9% to €4.6bn (5.4bn). Premium in Germany declined to €3.9bn (4.7bn) in the first nine months of 2006. Even after adjusting the figures for the sale of Karlsruher Insurance Group, this still amounts to a decrease of 2.4%. Besides many policies terminating, the reason for the reduction was a rising share of unit-linked and Riester business, whose savings premiums are not recognised as premiums under IFRS. In other countries, premiums showed a decrease of 4.0% to €720m between

January and September, mainly resulting from lower single-premium business in Italy. German new business for the third quarter was 8.6% higher than in the same period last year; between January and September, it was up by 0.6%, primarily because policies taken out at the end of the previous year were not placed to account until the first quarter of 2005. In terms of total premiums, new business grew by 8.1% in the first nine months. Demand for annuity policies, especially for Riester products, developed positively. Since January, we have sold 100,000 new Riester policies – an increase of 46.5% on the same period last year.

In the health segment, we wrote premiums of €1.3bn (1.2bn) in the third quarter of 2006, which is equivalent to growth of 4.3% year on year. Premium income since the beginning of the year rose by 4.2% to €3.8bn (3.7bn). This increase was mainly ascribable to the favourable development of new business in supplementary insurance, where we recorded growth of 9.7% over last year. By contrast, comprehensive health insurance grew only moderately by 0.3%. The German government's draft on health reform provides for the portability of ageing reserves and a basic policy for the uninsured self-employed, which would have a sustained impact on the business model of private health insurance. Client ties and the generation of added value from the basic policies would then be important success factors. The planned three-year transition period for employees who wish to switch over to private health insurance would restrict the market potential of this line of business. The German health reform will not solve the problems of the compulsory health insurance scheme, however. Private health insurance, which is demographyresistant and provides guaranteed benefits, remains the only alternative to compulsory health insurance.

A: in the previous quarters, foreign business was again favourable, with a double-digit growth rate of 12.9%.

In property-casualty insurance, gross premiums written fell by 7.5% in the third quarter to €1.1bn (1.2bn). Since the beginning of the year, premium income has shown a decline of 5.8% to €4.0bn (4.2bn), essentially because of the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group and NHL in the previous year. Adjusted for the effect of these sales, premium grew by 9.1% in foreign business and by 1.8% overall. The high growth in foreign business was primarily attributable to the pleasing performance in Poland and the Baltic States, whereas premium in German business was down 8.1%, mainly because of the development of motor insurance. Fierce competition in this area has caused a reduction in new business premiums since the beginning of the year. On top of this, the increased number of policy holders reassigned to higher no-claims bonus classes is responsible for falling premium income in the portfolio.

By contrast, a favourable development was registered in personal accident insurance and personal lines property business, which grew by 2.1% and 1.9% respectively. Thanks to our consistently strict, risk-based underwriting policy, we bucked the market trend and were able to achieve 3.3% growth in commercial property business.

Legal expenses insurance at ERGO showed nearly stable premium income of €209m (208m) in the third quarter, but grew year on year by 0.9% to €652m (646m) in the months January to September, driven by an increase in foreign business to €321m (311m).

At 91.0%, the combined ratio for property-casualty business including legal expenses insurance remained at a very good level and was even better than the previous year's satisfactory figure (93.4%). The third quarter was characterised by very favourable claims experience, with a combined ratio of 89.1% (91.3%).

The primary insurers' investment result totalled €3,700m (4,514m) in the first nine months, the third quarter accounting for €1,196m (1,598m). Since interest rates for long-term securities were down in the third quarter, the value of our derivative financial instruments used for hedging in life primary insurance climbed again, by €102m. The valuation reserves of our fixed-interest securities also rose as a consequence of the situation on the bond markets.

At the beginning of October, the acquisition of a majority stake in the Turkish insurance group Isviçre was concluded as agreed between ERGO and the Balci family after the necessary approvals had been obtained from the competent Turkish supervisory authorities. ERGO thus holds a 65.1% stake in the Isviçre Group. Another 9.9% will shortly be acquired, raising ERGO's future share to 75%. The total purchase price will be €213.8m. A 25% stake will be retained by the Balci family. The group includes Turkey's fifth-largest property-casualty insurer (Isviçre Sigorta), which focuses on personal lines business, but it also operates in the steadily growing segments of life and health. We are therefore excellently positioned to tap the great opportunities offered by the Turkish market in the years ahead.

Key primary insurance figures

MINISTER A PROPERTY OF SECULO SECULO	ensilve and a training	Q1-3 2006 Q1-3 20051.2	Q3 2006 • Q3 20051.2
Grass premiums written	€bn.	12,4	3.9 4.1
Loss ratio property-casualty	g en 18 2 () , [] %]	55.3	53.5 59.1
Expense ratio property-casualty		34.2 32.5	34.0
Combined ratio property-casualty	(4.2.5.4.1.1 Be 5.1.1%)	89.5	87.5
Combined ratio legal expenses insurance	%	96.5	95.2 100.5
Combined ratio property-casualty including legal expenses insurance	. The second of % .	91.0	89.1
Injestment result	Em-	3,700 - 4,514	1,196
Result before impairment losses of goodwill	£m	997 [5.1] 799]	202 300
Consolidated result Thereof attributable to minority interests	€m.	573 461 60 53	125 137 16 22
Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004) Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the bis	iness year 2005.		

	用歌歌的声,微声声。 教教教授 化二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十	30.9.2006 31.12.2005
In restments	t li transfer de la companya de la	107.3
Nist underwriting provisions	THE ARRIVE METERS OF THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTR	93.1
14 djusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004)		

Key figures of the ERGO Insurance Group

	E 1 - 2 - 7 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Q1-3 2006 Q1-3 20051.2	O3 2006 O3 2005 2
Gloss premilims written: Fig. 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 199	to Testin By Letter 550 Com	11.8	3.7
tuiss ratio property-casualty	**************************************	55.3	53.5
Expense ratio property-cesualty	1 1 1 2 1 X 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33.5	33.9
Combined ratio property-cesualty	1 M. T. 3 M. T. 96	88.8	87.4
	· 1975 一个一个一个一个	96.5	95.2 100.8
Combined ratio property-casualty including legal expenses insuran	Big man To Ja Ja Ja M	90.6 4 93.0	89.2 92.6.
Investment result	€m]	3,863 🖟 🚅 4,215 📗	1,251 1,553
Result before impairment losses of goodwill 🙊 👍 👫 😘 🐰	k a \$ in the €m }	987 1 759	190 308
Consolidated result	Em Em	566 416 34 3 16	116 ° 149.
Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).	usiness year 2005		

4	L _	
	Missign of the control of the beautiful and the second	30.9.2006 31.12.2005
Hivestinental II. The III. In the Property of the Control of the C	自lyangton,这些点的自然是否的脑上emit	101,846 * 6 100,193
Equity of the last th	Cm	4,269 344,1171
het underwriting provisions	The state of the s	93,485 91,133
Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).		

Asset management

- Equities and bonds perform positively
- Excellent investment result of €7.0bn in the first three quarters
- MEAG acquires shareholding in the Chinese asset manager PAMC

The carrying amount of the Munich Re Group's investments on 30 September 2006 was €178.2bn (177.2bn). Following a drop in their volume in the first half-year due to equity and bond market developments, we recorded an increase again in the third quarter. Since the beginning of the year, the balance sheet value of the Group's investments showed growth of €1.0bn or 0.6%, and as much as

€5.7bn or 3.3% since the end of the first half-year 2006. Key factors in this were the increases recorded since the middle of the year in the market value of our bond investments available for sale. We invested cash flows from our underwriting business and disposals to an increased extent in loans and fixed-interest securities.

Investment mix

	<u> </u>		Rei	nsurance			Primary i	nsurance	Asset mar	nagement		·Total
All figures in €m¹	Life a 30.9. 2006	nd health 31.12. 2005		-casualty - 31.12.	Life a 30.9. 2006		30.9.	-casualty 31.12. 2005	30.9 2006	31.12. 2005	30.9: 2006	31.12. 2005
Land and buildings, including buildings on third-party land	589	663	775	759	3,939	4,169	181	179	27	28	5,511	5,798
Investments in affiliated companies	24	18	28	20	41	34	56	: 101	13	11	162	184
Investments in associates	65	64	183	175	470	:451	341	. 400	58	38]	1,117	1,128
Loans	105	74	117	- 68	25,982	23,192	1,395	1,444	15	17	27,614	24,795
Other sicurities held to maturity	_	_	_	_	251	432	11	13	_	_	262	445
Other sicurities available for sale											 	
- Fixe 3-interest	17,523	17,478	29,062	27,487	49,075	50,106	4,158	4,010	6	25	99,824	99,106
- Non fixed-interest	4,971	. 5,883	7,128	6,912	10,045	10,198	1,813	2,345	7	8	23,964	25,346
Other sicurities held for trading		-						· ·		1]	
- Fixe 1-interest	18	13	809	545	31	32	262	310	<u> </u>	-1	1,120	- 900
Non-fixed-interest	-	-	6	-, 4	· -	-	8	. 5	-	-	14	9
- Derivatives	129	133	163	. 151	359	685	14	۲ / 1	-	-	665	970
Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance business	5,594	6,740	7,322	7,610	249	225	5	8	_		13,170	14,581
Other Ir vestments	218	321	580	539	919	638	244	276	1,145	705	3,106	2,479
Investments for the benefit of, life insurance policyholders who be in the investment risk	-		_		1,638	1,430	_		_	-	1,638	1,430
Total E	29,236	81,387	46,173	44/270	92,999	91,592	8,488	9,090	1,271	832	178,167	
After climination of intra-Grou	p transact	ions acros							ji V	-	,	

	N :
Distribution of investments as at 30.9.2006 (31.12.2005)	
Misce Inneous investments 111% (11.9%)	Real estate 3.1% (3.3%)
	Participating Interests 0.7% (0.7%)
Share; and equity funds 12.8% (13.3%)	Loans 15.5% (14.0%)
A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH	
Fixed interest securities 56.8% (56.8%)	

We have placed approximately 72% of our Group's assets in fixed-interest investments. Fixed-income securities available for sale made up 56.0% of our total investment portfolio at the balance sheet date. Net unrealised gains on these were up €1.9bn to €1.8bn in the third quarter following a 36 basis point decline in the interest rate for ten-year government bonds to 3.71% in the same period, which broke the upward yield trend for long-term securities that has persisted since autumn 2005. This turnaround was triggered largely by the US bond market, which has a significant influence on long European bonds. Yields on ten-year US government bonds shrank by 51 basis points in the third quarter to 4.63%, reflecting the impact of the weakening US economy on the bond markets and their anticipation of a cut in the federal funds rate.

Equities and equity funds accounted for 12.8% of our investments at book values as at 30 September 2006. Our equity-backing ratio, which also includes participations, amounted to 13.5% at the same date. This represents a decrease of 0.3 percentage points in the third quarter and 0.6 percentage points since the beginning of the year.

Net unrealised gains on our non-fixed-interest securities available for sale totalled €7.1bn at the end of the quar-

ter. This corresponds to an increase of €1.0bn or 16.9% in the third quarter, with the dynamic growth of the European stock markets having a decisive influence. In the same period, the EURO STOXX 50 climbed 6.9% to 3,899 points. The representative US stock market index, the S&P 500, moved up 5.2%, climbing to 1,336 points on 30 September. At the end of the quarter, both indices had exceeded the previous annual highs they had reached in May 2006.

The Japanese Nikkei 225 advanced by 4.0% between July and September and closed at 16,128 points.

At the end of the quarter, net unrealised gains on securities available for sale totalled €8.9bn, up €2.9bn on the first half of the year; compared with 31 December 2005, there was a decline of €2.0bn. Our off-balance-sheet valuation reserves grew by €0.7bn in the third quarter and totalled €1.9bn at the end of September. The reason for this was the positive development of the valuation reserves of our existing investments in loans as a consequence of the fall in interest rates.

With the inclusion of off-balance-sheet valuation reserves, investments totalled €180.0bn (179.6bn) at market values.

Investment result by type of investment and segment

il		,	1 .	·			
	<u> </u>	Reinsurance	-	Primary	nsurance	Asset management	Total
All figures in 6m1	Life and health Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 2005	Property-casualty 1 Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 2005	Life and I Q1-3 2006	Q1-3 Q1-3 2005 2006	Casualty 01-3 2005	Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 2005	Q1-3 2006 2005
Land and buildings including buildings on third-party land	13 - 14	59 46	192	;187.] 11		- 1	275 252
nvestments in affiliated companies	1 8 2	6	13	1 15	្ន ្ន 15	_ ²² -52	35 115
nvestments in assiciates " 🐇	6 12	31 - 75		√ 55 23		-4 -6	76
Loans Care C	2 - 1, 2	4 2.	ी 815 िंदे व	883 41	. 32	- [≥e* 1.]	862 920
Other securities held to	- : : : -		12	्रिटा _र २ <mark>२२१५ १</mark>	14 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	13 2 4 22
Other securities available for sale							
- Fixe l-interest	421 585	954	1,484	2,140 127	. 176	1 🖟 🤭 1 🖠	2,987 1 3,864
- Non fixed-interest	279 278	1,204	1,387	1,169 214	213°	-1 二烷二、2	3,083
Other securities held for the rading of the securities held for the securities			第				
- Fixel-Interest,	-184 (11)	22 [4年度 8]	_ _ _	:[15] 7	7.7	- F #447-51	29 20
- Non fixed-interest	- (8) 12.7 - 1	-13:55 EN	8	Feb. 1		- (2) (2) (1)	9 75 64
- Dermatives	-27 × 7	-114 💍 32	-337	└-97 6	``3	- 13 66, 14	-472 ∴ ≯-6
Depositi retained on assumed and coded reinsurance, and coded reinsurance, and continues the resuments	354 374	75 653	-73 .k	65 3	6	30 6 24	389
nvestments for the benefit of ife insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk			39	##6# 0 (145 –			39 14
expenses for the management of investments, other expenses	24 26	106 104	183	199, 19	, 22	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	332 35
otal i	1,025 1,246)	2,135 (2,086)	3,369	(4)246) 430	(453)	34 5 20	6,993 💐 8,05
After e imination of intra-Group	transactions across	segments.	情气震	7.21.4			en Jan Grand

Investment result by type of investment and segment

	, 	Reinsurance	Pr	imary insurance	Asset management	Total
All figures in cm1	Life and health P Q3 Q3 2006 2005	roperty-casualty 42 Q3 Cl3 2006 2005	Life and health P Q3 4 Q3 2006 2005	O3 O3	Q3 Q3 2006 2005	Q3 Q3 2006 2005
Land and buildings, including buildings on third-party land	5 4	17 0 20	55	4	- 1	81 135
Injestments in affiliated companies	1	6	-2	-4	- 2	
Investments in associates	3 4. 7 4.	10 + 20	17 - 35	9 (; 10	-1/4/15时	39 - % 1
Loins 1	1	2	282 272	13 11	- 11 5 5 14	298 285
Other securities held to miturity	1		2 7	1		3 6
Other securities available for sale					Company of the control of the contro	
Fixed-interest F	101 114	362 434	514 698	36 4 154	1 [第] [第]	1,014 5 1,301
- Non-fixed interest "	59 1 144	263 585	254 525	19 3 5 78	-1 3 3 2	594 1,332
Other securities held for trading	Company of the second of the s			And the second	in section of the sec	
- Fixed-interest ()	- 417.714	20 5 6	- * # _2]	2 5	-15% 25%-4	22[,``*, +13
Non-fixed interest	- - -	- ! :: :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	7 (4) (54)	1 (4%) 47 ± (±)	-1,5,2-0,24	8 ji
- Derivatives	9 -7	37 - (-16	58 5 1 - 51	1 -2	- 	105 3-30
Deposits retained on assumed and ceded reinsurance, and other investments	124 79	25 20	-26 -16		10 4	134 87
Injestments for the benefit of life insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk		- 1 2 3 g.	56			56 62
Expenses for the management of investments, other expenses	8 7 7	36 37	67 9 68	8 13		119 2 125
114 al 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	295 . 831	706 002	1,150 1,546	75 (161)	10 1 3	2,236 8078
After elimination of intra-Group r	einsurance across s	egments.:		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

For the period January to September we achieved an excellent investment result of €6,993m (8,052m). The third-quarter result amounted to €2,236m (3,078m). By restructuring and selling portfolios, we took advantage of the favourable mood on the capital markets.

We realised gains of €443m (1,414m) from the disposal of investments in the third quarter, €531m of which was from non-fixed-interest securities available for sale.

In the same period, we recorded a positive result of €105m (-30m) from derivatives, mainly due to increases in the value of derivative financial instruments that we use for hedging against changing interest rates.

MEAG MUNICH ERGO AssetManagement GmbH is the asset manager of Munich Re and the ERGO Insurance Group. As at 30 September 2006, it had Group investments of €171.8bn (168.7bn) under management. Another significant aspect of its operations is business with partners outside the Munich Re Group: at the end of the third quarter, MEAG had €8.1bn (7.2bn) for institutional clients and €2.6bn (3.4bn) for private clients under management. When ERGO Trust GmbH was integrated into MEAG MUNICH ERGO AssetManagement in the first quarter of 2006, the private-client business managed by ERGO Trust remained with ERGO, which explains the decrease in the figure for assets managed for private clients.

Subject to the approval of the Chinese supervisory authorities, MEAG acquired a 19% stake in PICC Asset Management Company Ltd. (PAMC), Shanghai, on 25 July 2006. PAMC is the asset management subsidiary of PICC, one of the largest Chinese insurance groups.

Prospects

- Successful treaty renewals as basis for good performance in reinsurance
- Brisk demand for private-provision products in life primary insurance
- Expectations for the annual result 2006 (subject to normal major-loss incidence and capital market developments)
 - Generally stable insurance and reinsurance premiums
 - Outstanding consolidated result of between €3.2bn and €3.4bn
 - Clear surpassing of 15% target return (RORAC)
 - Dividend increase envisaged

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements that are based on current assumptions and estimates of the management of Munich Re. Although we assume that the expectation's expressed by these forward-looking statements are realistic, we cannot guarantee that they will prove to be accurate. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could lead to material differences between the forward-looking statements given here and the actual development, in particular the results, financial situation and performance of our Company. The factors that could cause such deviations include changes in the economic and business environment, exchange-rate and interest-rate fluctuations, and changes in our business strategy. Munich Re does not plan to update these forwardlooking statements or to conform them to future events or developments, nor does it undertake to do so.

Moreover, there are various reasons why the quarterly results of insurance companies, including Munich Re, do not allow reliable conclusions to be drawn with regard to the further course of business and thus for the overall results of the business year as a whole. Losses from natural catastrophes and other major losses have a disproportionate impact on the result of the reporting period in which they randomly and unforeseeably occur. Latereported claims for major loss events from previous periods can also lead to substantial fluctuations in future quarterly results. Furthermore, gains and losses on the disposal of investments and write-downs of investments do not fo'low a regular pattern. Consequently, our quarterly figures do not provide more than significant pointers to future quarters and thus to the result for the year that may be expected.

Reinsurance

Reinsurance continues to offer considerable promise for the future. In line with our long-term, strategic orientation, we expect the global reinsurance industry to grow in the next ten years. Development in property-casualty business is likely to be surpassed by the dynamic growth in life and health reinsurance. Regionally speaking, the highest percentage growth rates are predicted for the emerging markets of Asia and Latin America. However, Europe and North America are expected to attain much greater absolute growth, albeit with lower percentage increases, given their higher starting level. These markets thus continue to be very interesting from a marketing point of view.

With its traditional worldwide presence and special initiatives geared to expansion in regions with particularly dynamic growth, the Munich Re Group is excellently positioned to tap the opportunities arising in all regions and fields of business. In life reinsurance, we have appreciably expanded our units specialised in the private-provisionmarket in the course of the last few years, most recently by setting up a new life reinsurance subsidiary in Moscow. In the health sector, we are pursuing an especially flexible approach geared to the requirements of each market. With our integrated product portfolio consisting of services, primary insurance and reinsurance, we are able to cover the whole insurance value chain. Our intention is to optimise in particular the management of medical care. Throughout the whole treatment process - from searching for the right specialist, through diagnosis and therapy, to rehabilitation - we provide services whose benefits go far beyond insurance itself.

In property-casualty reinsurance, the risk-adequate prices, terms and conditions we have established in recent years have created the basis for the high profitability we need to achieve in "normal times" in order to handle potential peak burdens. In past renewals, the prices, terms and conditions we achieved in both treaty business (which accounts for some 85% of our premium income) and facultative business (which is designed for covering individual risks) were appropriate and in some cases exceptionally attractive, and we have been able to stabilise them at a? high level. In the renewal negotiations for 2007, which will take place at the end of the year and involve some 65% of our treaty business, we will remain firm in this regard, duspite possible adverse repercussions for the strength of our growth. This is the only way we can ensure our longterm viability, thus allowing us to remain the strong and reliable partner our clients can count on for providing consistently high cover capacities for increasing risks.

This strict profit orientation is likely to be reflected in our financial statements for 2006. Barring further major movements in exchange rates, our gross premium income will probably remain relatively stable in 2006, in the range of €22–23bn. Up to 30 September, experience in property-casualty reinsurance business was excellent. The burden from major losses was low and we achieved high profits, also thanks to the favourable situation in the capital markets. Nevertheless, the tropical cyclone season is not completely over, and we have repeatedly been hard hit in past years by strong autumn and winter storms in northern Europe. Provided that we do not have any major claims burdens to cope with in the last two months of the year, we would achieve a combined ratio of less than 95%.

Primary insurance

Gross premiums written in life insurance are likely to decline again slightly in 2006, also taking into account the effect of changes in the consolidated group. In contrast, new business for the companies remaining in the Group is showing gratifying growth compared with 2005, estimated at 5–10%. We anticipate that the increased demand for Riester pension products will continue until the end of the year.

We are proceeding on the assumption that premium volume in health insurance will increase by about 3-4% in 2006. However, the good growth in supplementary health insurance contrasts with subdued development in comprehensive health insurance. This reflects the profound uncertainty among German clients concerning the Federal government's plans to reform the health insurance system and the ongoing political debate about its details and further developments.

In property-casualty insurance, we expect premium income to decrease marginally overall in 2006. The moderately positive economic situation has not yet been able to provide this part of the insurance market with any perceptible stimuli in the second half of the year either. At the same time, we are adhering to our profit-oriented underwriting policy. We are very optimistic that this year we will again be able to achieve a combined ratio of about 93% in property-casualty business, including legal expenses insurance.

All in all, gross premiums written in primary insurance in 2006 should attain approximately the same level as in the previous year (adjusted for the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group and NHL), totalling between €16.5bn and €17.0bn. Provided the investment result is good, we anticipate that the segment result will exceed our previous expectations and total €700–800m.

Munich Re Group

We expect the Munich Re Group's consolidated gross premiums written for 2006 to be in the range of €37–38bn, a level which – adjusted for the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group and NHL, as well as further positive exchangerate influences – is about the same as last year's. We are fully on track with the envisaged investment result. Barring any unforeseeable adverse developments, we will surpass the return of 4.5% expected for 2006.

Out target for the annual result 2006 is a 15% return on risk-adjusted capital (RORAC) after tax, which on the basis of the situation at the turn of the year 2005/2006 would approximate to a consolidated profit of between €2.6bn and €2.8bn. In view of our outstanding performance in the first three quarters, we are confident that, provided claims experience in the remaining months of the year is normal and the capital markets keep stable, we will be able to clearly surpass this target and achieve a consolidated

Munich, November 2006

The Board of Management

profit ranging between €3.2bn and €3.4bn. Given such a good business performance, we will propose another dividend increase to the Supervisory Board and Annual General Meeting; in 2005, the dividend was €3.10 per share, i.e. a total of around €700m. However, the exact dimensions of such a dividend increase cannot be put into figures until the ongoing risk period has ended.

In addition to our shareholder-oriented dividend policy, we are intent on reducing future costs of capital to the benefit of our shareholders through active capital management. We therefore resolved on 7 November 2006 to buy back Munich Re shares with a volume of up to one billion euros by the Annual General Meeting on 26 April 2007 and to retire them after acquisition. With this step, we intend to further strengthen the confidence in our shares and give a clear signal that we are continuing our disciplined, profitoriented corporate policy.

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Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 September 2006

Assets]]	, i	∮			31.12.20051	ı	Change
			€m	, €m	€m	€m	€mĵ	%
A, Intan	il gible assen		i					
I. Go	cidwill		<u> </u>	3,181		3,284	-83	-2.5
II. Ott	il Per Intangib	e assets		983		1,036	-53	-5,1
					4,164	4,300	-136	-3.2
B. Inves	 - -							
I. Lai	d and build	ings, including buildings on third-party land		5,511		5,798	-287	-4.9
a. Inv	stments in	affiliated companies and associates	1	1,279		1,312	-33	-2.5
III. Lo	ins			27,614		24,795	2,819	11.4
IV. Otl	er securitie	s				,		
1. i	eld to mat	nity	262			445	-183	-41.1
2.	wailable fo	salo	123,788			124,452	-664	-0.5
3.1	leid for trac	ling	1,799			1,879	-80	-4.3
				125,849		126,776	-927	-0.7
V. De	osits retai	ned on assumed reinsurance		13,170		14,581	-1,411	-9.7
VI. 01	jer investm	enis	1	3,106		2,479	627	25.3
		4	· į		176,529	175,741	788	0.4
		the benefit of life insurance policyholders estment risk			1,638	1,430	208	14.5
D. Cede	d share of	inderwriting provisions	Ti l		6,853	7,980	-1,127	-14.1
E. Rece	ivables				8,909	9,648	-739	-7.7
F. Cast	with banks	, cheques and cash in hand	ľ		2,231	2,337	-106	-4.5
– Gr	led share	tion costs		8,296 97	8,199	8,222 98 8,124	74 -1 75	0.9 -1.0 0.9
H. Ocie	rred tax				5,575	5,213	362	6.9
I. Othe	r assets	records to the control of the contro	1		3,586	3,964	-378	-9.5
Total as	sets				217,684	218;737	-1,053	-0.5

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Equity and liabilities			31,12,2005	Ì	Change
	€m	€m	¹ €m¹	€mĵ	%
A. Equity			ď	<u>}</u>	
Issued capital and capital reserve	7,388]]	7,388	-	_
I. Retained earnings	9,719		7,777	1,942	25.0
III. Other reserves	5,323	j	6,100	-777	-12.7
IV. Consolidated result attributable to Munich Re equity holders	2,799		2,679	120	4.5
V. Minority interests	422		453	-31	-6.8
.,		25,651	24,397	1,254	5.1
B. Subordinated liabilities		3,416	3,408	8	0.2
C. Gross underwriting provisions			,		
I. Unearned premiums	6,211		6,153	58	0.9
II. Provision for future policy benefits	94,865		94,445	420	0.4
III. Provision for outstanding claims	48,791		49,380	-589	-1.2
IV. Other underwriting provisions	10,476		10,534	-58	-0.6
		160,343	160,512	-169	-0.1
D. Gross underwriting provisions for life insurance policies where the investment risk is borne by the policyholders		1,797	1,516	281	18.5
E. Other accrued liabilities		5,288	4,926	362	7.3
F. Liabilities			t.		
I. Notes and debentures	394		, 1,097	-703	-64.1
II. Deposits retained on ceded business	2,360	}	3,392	-1,032	-30.4
II. Other liabilities	10,629		12,288	-1,659	-13.5
1.77		13,383	16,777	-3,394	-20.2
G Deferred tax flabilities	·	7,806	7,201	605	8.4
Total equity and liabilities		217,684	218,737	-1,053	-0.5

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Consolidated income statement for the period 1 January to 30 September 2006

Items		\$ 7 m	01-3 2006 €m	Q1-3 2006 €m	Q1-3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005¹.² €m	€mĵ	Change
Gross n	emiums w	itten	28,080		5	28,625	-545	-1.9
			20,000	<u> </u>		20,025	- 5-5 ,}	-1.0
	jed premiu oss	ms	27,853			28,252	-399	-1.4
	ded	· -	1,352		· '	1,448	-96	-6.6
- N	rt			26,501		26,304	-303	-1.1
	stment res	ult		6,993		8,052	-1,059	-13.2
	ome from	essociates	,	76		160	-84	-52.5
3. Oth	er income			1,253		1,110	143	12.9
Total in	ome (1-3)				34,747	35,966	-1,219	-3.4
		aims and benefits	<u>'</u>					
-G		1	23,038	i		26,614	-3,576	-13.4
- Ci - Ni	ded share	<u>}</u>	855	22.02		1,492 25,122	-637 -2,939	-42.7
- 14	1	•		22,183		25,122	-2,939	-11.7
	rating exp	rnses						
- G	oss ided share.	•	6,722 327	1		7,034 359	-312 -32	-4.4 -8.9
- N	1 1	,	. 327	6,395		6,675	-32 -280	4.2
6. Ott	er expense			1,531		1,274	257	20.2
Total ex	penses (4-	9			30,109	33,071	-2,962	-9.0
7. Res	ult before i	npairment losses of goodwill			4,638	2,895	1,743	60.2
8. Imi	airment los	ses of goodwill			-	4	-4	-100.0
9. Op	rating resu	lt ₍			4,638	2,891	1,747	60.4
10. Fin	ince costs				238	290	-52	-17.9
11. Tax	es on incor	ie.			1,539	1,211	328	27.1
	solidated r	esult			2,861	1,390	1,471	105.8
11		o Munich Re equity holders	ŀ		2,799	1,340	1,459	108.9
		o minority interests			62	50	12	24.0
			n N	i	. 6	ε	ϵ	%
Earning	a per share				12.29	5.87	6.42	109.4

¹Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

²Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

Consolidated income statement for the period 1 July to 30 September 2006

Ite	ns		Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2005 ^{1,2}	€mĵ	Change %
Gr	us premiums written		9,017			9,245	-228	-2.5
י	Earned premiums - Gross - Ceded - Net		9,250 438	8,812		9,434 500 8,934	-184 -62 -122	-2.0 -12.4 -1.4
2	Investment result Thereof: -Income from associates			2,236 39		3,078	-842 39	-27.4 -
3	Other income			337		, 316	21	6.6
Ta	al income (1-3)				11,385	12,328	-943	-7.6
4	Expenses for claims and benefits - Gross - Ceded share - Net		7,714 276	7,438		9,981 823 9,158	-2,267, -547, -1,720,	-22.7 -66.5 -18.8
5	Operating expenses - Gross - Coded share - Net	•	2,261 84	2,177		2,300 158 2,142	-39 74 35	-1.7 -46.8 1.6
	Other expenses			454		372	82	22.0
Tee	al expenses (4–6)				10,069	11,672	-1,603	-13.7
1	Result bufore impairment losses of goodwill				1,316	656	660	100.6
1	Impairment losses of goodwill				_]	
-	Operating result				1,316	656	660	100.6
1	Finance costs				74	86	-12	-14.0
1	Taxes on income				510	56	454	810.7
12	Consoliciated result Thereof:				732	514	218	42.4
	- Attributable to Munich Re equity holders - Attributable to minority interests				715 17	494 20	221 -3	44.7 -15.0
ij			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		Ę	€	€	%
E	nings per share				3.15	2.17	0.98	45.2

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the pusiness year 2005.

Consolidated income statement (quarterly breakdown)

Items	i i	Q3 2006) €m		Q2 2006 €m			` `	Q2 2005 °	Q1 2005¹ €m
Gross p	remiums written	9,017			1 1	1 i	<u>`</u>	9,220	10,160
- G	ned premiums css ded	9,250 438 8,812	4 10 22 10 10 10	9,280 469 8,811	9,323 445 8,878	9,999 593 9,406	9,434 500 8,934	9,548 495 9,053	9,270 453 8,817
The	istment result reof: come from associates	2,236 39		2,647 24	2,110 13	2,766 971	3,078	2,517 96	2,457 64
3. Oth	er income	337	,	485	431	355	316	476	318
Total in	iome (1-3)	11,385	}	11,943	11,419	12,527	12,328	12,046	11,592
– G	enses for claims and benefits oss ded share t	7,714 276 7,438		7,609 246 7,363	7,715 333 7,382	8,946 716 8,230	9,981 823 9,158	8,451 300 8,151	8,182 369 7,813
– G	rating expenses oss ded share It	2,261 84 2,177		2,240 115 2,125	2,221 128 2,093	2,575 85 2,490	2,300 158 2,142	2,382 103 2,279	2,352 98 2,254
6. Oth	er expenses 4	454		604	473	552	372	514	388
Total ex	penses (4-5)	10,069		10,092	9,948	11,272	11,672	10,944	10,455
7. Res	ut before impairment losses of goodwill	1,316		1,851	1,471	1,255	656	1,102	1,137
8. Imp	eirment toises of goodwill	-			-	3		4	
9. Op	rating result	1,316		1,851	1,471	1,252	656	1,098	1,137
10. Fin	ince costs	74		78	86	88	66	101	103
11. Tax	es on income	510		623	406	-197	56	812	343
The	solidated result reof: tributable to Munich Re equity holders tributable to minority interests	732 715 17	1 2 2 2 2 2 3	1,150 1,125 25		1,361 1,339 22	514 494 20	185 167 18	691 679 12
		e e	,	ε	. €	Ę,	. €	ϵ	· ε
Earning	s per share	3.15		4.94			1	0.73	2.97

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

Group statement of changes in equity

	1	1 3				- 1	1	*			i		
						!		Equity attr	uity holders	Minority interests	Total equity		
			Issued)	Capitet reserve	Retein	ed ea	rnings		Oti	her reserves	Consoli- dated result		
AI	l figures in (i i i			Retained earnings before deduction of own shares		Own shares held	Unrealised gains and losses	from	Valuation result from cash flow hedges	10		·
St	 	2.20051	588	6,800	7,978		-201	6,128	-34	6	2,679	453	24,397
Cı	irency tran	sistion		_1			_	_	-389	-)'	-1	-390
	pcation to i	etained	_]	1,972	!		_	_		-1,972	1	·,
	ind sude ju cou	solidated		-	13		_	_	-			-55	-42 42
Ci	innge result pation at e	ing from quity]	-	5		_	8			-	-	13
	realised ga		_	_				-392	-	į ſ	·	-19	-411
Co	nsolidated	result	-				 - 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. 2,799	62	2,861
Di	ridend	i i		_}	_	{	<u></u>	- `-			-707	-	-707
	ange in ow ares held	n) • !	-34		_				-34
	enges from	cash flow			<u>.</u>	,	-	_	-	-4,			· _4
01	her change	\$	-	_	-14	{ ; }	_		 	-	_	-18	-32
Si	2.05 tu s 0.9	.2005	588	6,800	9,954		-235	5,744	-423	2	2,799	422	25.651

Group statement of changes in equity

	ll .	4										
						uity holders	Minority interests ²	Total equity				
		2	Issued capital	Capital reserve	Retain	ed earnings]	Ot	her reserves	dated		
All figur	s in €m				Retained carnings before deduction of own shares	shares	losses	from	Valuation result from cash flow hedges	result		
Status a	31,12,2004		588	6,800	7,031	-158		-674	10	1,833	441	20,492
Currency	translatio	1	-	-			-	525			1	526
Allocatio	n to retains	d		-1	1,376		-		<u> </u>	-1,376	 -	•
Change group	n consolida	ted			-32	,		_		,; 	-11	-51
	esulting from the street of th	om -			13	10		_			1	89
Unrealis losses of	d gains an investmen	d its			_		643	_	_	,	19	662
Consolid	eted result		-	<u> </u>	}) 	_			1 1/2/11	50	1,390
Dividenc			-]		(i	-	-	-	-457	1	-457
Change own sha		î F		_		-50		-	-		-	-50
Changes flow hed	from cash ges	2*		-	-	, j		-	_4		-	-4
Other ch	anges	-			-142		-	-9	-	}	-64	-215
Status a	30,9.2005		588	6,800	8,246	-208	5,331	-158	6	,340	437	22,382

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

Consolidated cash flow statement for the period January to 30 September 2006

	Q1-3 2006	Q1-3 20051.2
	€m	€m
ensolidated result	2,861	1,390
let change in underwriting provisions	2,820	7,811
hange in deferred acquisition costs	-100	-282
hange in deposits retained and accounts receivable and payable	-239	98
hange in other receivables and liabilities	1,758	360
pins and lesses on the disposal of investments	-2,221	-2,922
hange in securities held for trading	-546	-1,312
hange in other balance sheet items	716	560
ther income/expenses without impact on cash flow	698	-63
Cesh flows from operating activities	5,947	5,640
flows from the sale of consolidated companies	10	60
utflows from the acquisition of consolidated companies	-	28
hange from the acquisition, sale and maturities of other investments	-3,697	-2,611
hange from the acquisition and sale of investments for unit-linked life insurance	-171	51
ther	37	-582
Cash flows from investing activities	-3,821	-3,110
flows from increases in capital	-	_
vidend payments	727	468
hange from other financing activities	-1,495	-1,456
Cash flows from financing activities	-2,222	-1,924
ash flows for the business year (I+II+III)	-96	606
ffects of exchange rate changes on cash	-10	21
ash at the beginning of the business year	2,337	2,027
ash at the end of the business year	2,231	2,654

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).
Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

Assets			Reinsurance			
	, ?! 		Life and health	Pro	perty-casualty	• .
		30.9.200 €r		11 1	31.12.2005¹ €m	-
A. Inta	gible assets	28	2 267	1,274	1,374	,
B. Inve	tments					
l. La	nd and buildings, including buildings on third-party land	58	9 663	775	759	
tt. in	esiments in affiliated companies and associates	2,55	2,910	3,289	3,238	
III. La	Bris .	18	310	215	323	
IV. O	er securities					
1.	field to maturity			-		
2.	Available for sate	22,49	4 23,361	36,190	34,399	
3.	teld for trading	14	7 146	978	700	
		22,64	1 23,507	37,168	35,099	
V. De	posits retained on assumed reinsurance	7,80	9,089	10,109	10,205	
VI. O	her investments	36	2 321	761	539	
		34,13	36,800	52,317	50,163	
	stments for the benefit of life insurance policyholders who bear the		-	-		
D. Ced	d share of underwriting provisions	1,03	2 1,647	3,867	4,077	
E. Oth	r segment assets	7,56	6,177	8,325	10,426	1
Total se	pment assets	43,01	4 44,891	65,783	66,040	:

^{&#}x27;Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

	L				il .					11	
Total		onsolidation	C	management	Asset		ary insurance	Prim			{
						· ·	perty-casualty	Prop	ife and health		[
31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006 €m	31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006 €m	31.12.2005¹ €m	9.2006) €m	30	31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006} €m	31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006 €m	:
4,300	4,164	-24	-17	6	8		929	885	1,748	1,732	
						:		·			
5,798	5,511	-1	-1	28	27		179	181	4,170	3,940	
1,312	1,279	-9,431	-8,931	95	107	j i	3,506	3,262	994	998	
24,795	27,614	-2,311	-1,923	151	114	· ·	1,514	1,473	24,808	27,551	
			f		-		Ì				
445	262	_	-	,]	-		13	11	432	251	
124,452	123,788	-30 ¹	-27	33 ¹	13	1	6,385	5,998	60,304	59,120	
1,879	1,799	·]	-		-		316	284	717	390	
126,776	125,849	· -30 ¹	-27	33	13		6,714	6,293	61,453	59,761	
14,581	13,170	-4,960	-5,011	_}	-		18	18	229	251	<u> </u>
2,479	3,106	,]	-1,132	705	1,145	j	276	587	638	1,383	
175,741	176,529	-16,733	-17,025	1,012	1,406	<u> </u>	12,207	11,814	92,292	93,884	
1,430	1,638		-	_	-	Ì		_	1,430	1,638	
7,980	6,853	-6,262	-6,328	-	-	į	1,701	1,682	6,817	6,600	
29,286	28,500	-2, 6 07	-1,772	203	127		3,990	3,466	11,097	10,787	
218,737	207,6129	-25,626	-25,142	1,221	1,541		18,827	17,847	113,384	114,641	

Equity and liabilities					Reinsurance	
			Life and health	. Pro	perty-casualty	. :
		30.9.2006 €m	31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006 €m	31.12.2005¹ €m	
A. Subordinated liabilities		1,347	1,453	1,679	1,561	1
B. Gross underwriting provisions						•
I. Unearned premiums		194	209	4,694	4,865	j
II. Provision for future policy benefits		17,246	18,675	724	702	
III. Provision for outstanding claims		5,607	5,493	37,323	38,080	;
IV. Other underwriting provisions		1,082	888	257	190	-
		24,129	25,265	42,998	43,837	
C. Gross underwriting provisions for life insurance policies where the inverse is borne by the policyholders	stment	-		_		
D. Other accrued liabilities		807	739	1,789	1,458	
E. Other segment liabilities		4,157	3,807	7,001	8,397	
Total seg nent liabilities	:	30,440	31,264	53,467	55,253	

¹Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

N	AL .				11					
		Prin	nary insurance		Asset	management		Consolidation		Total
1	Life and health	Pro	perty-casualty					à		
30.9.200 €n	6) 31.12.2005¹ m €m	11 .	31.12.2005¹ €m		9.2006 Em	31.12.2005¹ €m	41	31.12.2005¹ €m	30.9.2006) €m	31.12.2005¹ €m
	2 19	400	404	!	-		-12	- 29	3,416	3,408
 <u> </u>	4							i:		
11	86	1,495	1,221		-	_	-289	-228	6,211	6,153
81,49	79,647	261	224		-	-	-4,862	-4,803	94,865	94,445
2,00	1,993	4,768	4,765		-	-	-909	-951	48,791	49,380
9,33	9,669	121	104	į	-		-323	-317 _/	10,476	10,534
92,95	91,395	6,645	6,314	į	-	-	-6,383	-6,299	160,343	160,512
1,79	7 1,516	_	_		_	_	_	, (j –	1,797	1,516
1,07	1,195	1,654	1,547	!	43	66	-78	₅ −79	5,288	4,926
14,45	14,698	4,062	5,319	!	1,347	1,035	-9,831	-9 ,278	21,189	23,978
110.2	108,823	12,761	13,584		1,390	1,101	-16,304	-1 5,68 5	192,033	194,340
i.	er A						Equity	el	25,651	24,397
n : :						:	Total equity and	liabilities	217,684	218,737

		 			
Income statement 1.1–30.9 2006				Reinsurance	
	Li	ife and health)	Prop	perty-casualty	
	Q1−3 2006 €m	Q1~3 2005¹ €m	Q1−3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005¹ €m	
Gross premiums written Thereof	5,844	5,836	10,993	10,903	
- From insurance transactions with other segments - From insurance transactions with external third parties	551 5,293	673 5,163	578 10,415	709 10,194	
1. Earned premiums ' - Griss	5,852	5,859	10.993	10,755	
- Colled	307	396	738	726	
- Nel	5,545	5,463	10,255	10,029	
2. Investment result Therisof:	1,232	1,440	2,177	2,197	
-Income from associates	6	12	30	75,	
3. Other income	216	196	397	363	
Total income (1-3)	6,993	7,099	12,829	12,589	
4. Expenses for claims and benefits	ļ ·				
- Gross - Ceded share	4,574 224	4,669 304	7,026 411	8,972 798	
- Net	4,350	4,365	6,615	8,174	
5. Operating expenses					
- Grass - Ceded share	1,674	1,731	2,960 198	2,980 188	
- Net	1,594	1,608	2,762	2,792	
6. Other expenses	266	197	541	398	
Total expenses (4–6	6,210	6,170	9,918	11,364	
7. Result before impairment losses of goodwill	783	929	2,911	1,225	
8. Impa ment losses of goodwill] -		-	_}	
9. Oper ting result	783	929	2,911	1,225	
10. Finance costs	72	63	120	164	
11. Taxes on income	282	184	859	713	
12. Cons lidated result	429	682	1,932	348	
Thereof: - Attributable to Munich Re equity holders - Attributable to minority interests	429	682	1,932	348	
1					

¹Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

²Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

							:				•
			Prim	ary insurance		sset	management		Consolidation		Total
		Life and health	Pro	perty-casualty	Î	•)	. 4		
	Q1-3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005¹.² €m	Q1−3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005¹ €m		(200€ €m	Q1–3 2005¹ €m	Q1–3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005¹ , €m	Q1–3 2006 €m	Q1~3 2005¹.² €m
	8,449	9,104	3,940	4,181	:	-		-1,146	-1,399	28,080	28,625
	1 8,448	9,103	16 3,924	. 16 .4,165		- -	. <u>.</u>	-1,146 -	-1,399	_ 28,080	28,625
	8,418 663 7,755	9,083 805 8,278	3,678 732 2,946	3,841 807 3,034		-	,	-1,088 -1,088 -	-1,286 -1,286	27,853 1,352 26,501	28,252 1,448 26,804
	3,230	4,020	470	. 494		41	25	-157	· –124	6,993	8,052
	12	55	24	24		4	-6	_	_	76	160
	624	642	538	575		236	193	-758	-859	1,253	1,110
	11,609	12,940	3,954	4,103		277	218	-9 15	-983	34,747	35,966
,	10,143 625 9,518	11,565 827 10,738	2,105 410 1,695	2,539 675 1,864		- - -	·	810 815 5	-1,131 -1,112 -19	23,038 855 22,183	26,614 1,492 25,122
	1,175 171 1,004	1,465 220 1,245	1,229 193 1,036	1,253 221 1,032]]]	-316 -315 -1	" -395 -393 -2	6,722 327 6,395	7,034 359 6,675
	673	683	640	682	!	227	173 _,	-816	-859	1,531	1,274
	11,195	12,666	3,371	3,578		227	173	-812	-880	30,109	33,071
	414	274	583	525		50	45	-103	-103	4,638	2,895
	-	-	-	- 4		-		-		-	. 4
	414	274	583	, 521		50	45	-103	-103	4,638	2,891
	1	2	44	62		3	2	-2	-3	238	290
	238	136	141	134		17	24	2	20	1,539	1,2,11
	175	136	398	325		30	19	-103	i -120	2,861	1,390
	148 27	108 28	365 33	300 25		30	21 -2	-105 2	∯ -119 ∯ -1	2,799 62	1,340 50

Income	statement					Reinsurance	-
1.7-30.9	6 2006 		L	.ife and health	Pro	perty-casualty	,
	4		Q3 2006 Em	Q3 2005¹ €m	Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2005¹ €m	
Gross p	emiums written		1,945	1,929	3,559	3,577	·
	nsurance transactions with other segments nsurance transactions with external third parties		185 1,760	201 1,728	146 3,413	179 3,398	
1. Earr	ed premiums		1,919	1,957	3,658	3,648	
- Ce - Ne	ded		77 1,842	187) 1,770	262 3,396	228 3,420	•
	stment result		400	515	656	943	· · · ·
	ome from associates		3	4	9	20	
3. Oth	r income		59	50	96	89	
Total in	corne (1–3)		2,301	2,335	4,148	4,452	
- Gr	ded share		1,540 60 1,480	1,531 161 1,370	2,305 164 2,141	3,890 440 3,450	
−Gr	ded share		563 12 551	638 74 564	991 59 932	962 49 913	,
6. Oth	ır expenses		83	55	155	121	
Total ex	penses (4-5)		2,114	1,989	3,228	4,484	
7. Res	at before impairment losses of goodwill		187	346	920	-32	
8. lmp	sirment losses of goodwill		-		-	-	
9. Ope	rating result		187	346	920	-32	
10. Fina	nce costs		24	17	39	48	
31. Tex	s on income		61	41	378	-137	
	polidated result		102	288	503	57	
_A	eof: ributable to Munich Re equity holders ributable to minority interests		102	288 1	503 	57	

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 19 (rev. 2004).

Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003) in the business year 2005.

	- 11		_		ii					
			Prin	nary insurance	Asse	t management		Consolidation		Total
		Life and health	Pro	perty-casualty]	9]	
	Q3 2006 €m		Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2005¹ €m	l , M [Q3 2005¹ €m	Q3 2006) €m	Q3 20051 €m	Q3 2006 €m	Q3 2005 ^{1, 2} €m
	2,758	2,944	1,093	1,181	-		-338	-386	9,017	9,245
	2,758	2,944	7 1,086	6 1,175	_		-338 -	6-386 1	- 9,017	- 9,245
						-		4		
	2,769		1,262	1,264			-358	.,,-391	9,250	9,434
	218		239	227	-		-358	ु-391	438	500
	2,551	2,707	1,023	1,037	-	-	-	-	8,812	8,934
	1,111	1,436	85	162	13	9	-29	, 13	2,236	3,078
	17	-35	10	10	_	1	-	<u> </u>	39	;-
	201	220	164	203	69	65	-252	-311	337	316
	3,863	4,363	1,272	1,402	82	, 74	-281	_298	11,385	12,328
										1
	3,456	1	689	987	-		-276	-363	7,714	9,981
	211		118	334	-	-{	-277	_{I,} –371	276	823
•	3,245	3,677	571	653	-		1	8	7,438	9,158
						1		()		
	383		423	392	-	· -i	-99	-128	2,261	2,300
	49	ir I	64	62	-	. <u> </u>	-100	-127	84	158
	334	336	359	330	-		1	-1	2,177	2,142
	208	241	216	228	73	56	-281	, -329	454	372
	3,787	4,254	1,146	1,211	73	56	-279	-322	. 10,069	11,672
•	76	109	126	191	9	18	-2	; 24 ¹	1,316	656
	-	.	_	_	_	<u> </u>	-	: I	-	
	76	109	126	191	9	18	-2	24	1,316	656
	-	. 1	11	21	1	. 1	-1	-2	74	86
	47	78	19	63	5	7	-	4	510	56
	29	30	96	107	3	10	-1	<u>j</u> 22	732	514
	21	. 16 14		99 8		10	-2) 24 , –2		494 20
				0	الكاراكم	-		<u> 11 -2</u>	11 . "	
		1;			1 9					

Investments	ſ		Reinsurance	Prin	nary insurance	Asset	management		Total
		30.9.2006) €m	31.12.2005∯ €m)	30,9.2006 €m	31.12.2005 €m;	r il	31.12.2005) €m	30.9.2006 €m	31.12.2005 €m
Europe "		43,573	43,942	98,459	97,902	1,215	804	143,247	142,648
North Agierica	·	27,196	27,360	1,627	1,426	24	23	28,847	28,809
Asia and Australesia		3,121	2,776	1,113	1,024	32	5	4,266	3,805
Africa, Near and Middle East		655	753	166	81	-		821	834
Latin America		864	826	122	249	-		986	1,075
Total		75,409	75,657	101,487	100,682	1,271	832	178,167	177,171

After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Gross promiu	ms written'			Reinsurance	Prim	ary insurance	Total		
1	ŕ		Q1-3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005 €m	1 1	Q1–3 2005 €m	Q1-3 2006 €m	Q1–3 2005 €m	
Europe			7,852	7,702	12,127	13,096	19,979	20,798	
North Anjerica	•	-	5,230	5,051	121	85	5,351	5,136	
Asia and Aunt	ralesia		1,469	1,448	84	43	1,553	1,491	
Africa, Nuar a	nd Middle East		515	495	28	39	543	534	
Latin Amprica	A S		642	661	12	5	654	666	
Total			15,708	15,357	12,372	13,268	28,080	28,625	

¹After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

. []	4 *	1 ji					
Gross promiums	s written¹		Reinsurance	Prim	ary insurance		Total
	, £	03 2006 €m	Q3 2005 Em	1 1	Q3 2005 €m	, ,,	Q3 2005 €m
Europe *	*	2,578	2,312	3,811	4,070	6,389	6,382
North Arterica) t	1,698	1,739	6	32	1,704	1,771
Asia and Augitra	lesie	535	510	23]	558	510
Africa, Near and	Middle East	133	162	1	14	134	176
Latin America		229	403	3	3	232	406
Total		5,173	5,126	3,844	4,119	9,017	9,245

After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Notes

Recognition and measurement

This quarterly report as at 30 September 2006 has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as applicable in the European Union. We have complied with all new and amended IFRSs whose application is compulsory for the first time for periods beginning on 1 January 2006. Otherwise, the same principles of recognition, measurement and consolidation have been applied as in our consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2005. In accordance with IAS 34.41, greater use is made of estimation methods and planning data in preparing our quarterly figures than in our annual financial reporting.

The following effects from the first-time application of new or amended IFRSs are of significance:

IAS 19, Employee Benefits, was amended in December 2004 and now provides the option of recognising actuarial gains and losses from defined benefit plans directly in equity, outside profit or loss. We are taking advantage of this option as from 1 January 2006. Previously, actuarial gains or losses were recognised as income or expense if at the end of the previous reporting period they exceeded the greater of 10% of the present value of the vested benefits or 10% of the fair value of the plan assets (corridor method).

In accordance with IAS 8 and the transitional provisions, the figures for the previous year have been adjusted retrospectively, without impact on profit or loss. The effects on the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2005 and the consolidated income statement for 2005 are shown in our quarterly report as at 31 March 2006.

Owing to a one-off adjustment in preparing the IFRS figures of the consolidated special funds, retained earnings were reduced by £21m.

In order to provide more accurate information, the method used for eliminating intercompany profits of intra-Group transactions has been modified and standardised Group wide. As changes in accounting methods have to be applied restrospectively, retained earnings have been reduced by £21m.

A top-up payment made by Munich Reinsurance Company to the Munich Re pension fund in the second quarter of 2006 for the 2005 business year has been accounted for by reducing retained earnings by €15m, without impact on profit or loss.

Changes in the consolidated group:

In December 2005, ERGO Versicherungsgruppe AG signed agreements with GFKL Financial Services AG under which the latter would acquire its majority stake in the ADA-HAS Group, an IT systems specialist. The governing bodies and cartel authorities have given the formal approvals still outstanding when the agreements were signed, so that the sale was completed in the first quarter of 2006.

The special-purpose vehicle Carillon Ltd., used for issuing catastrophe bonds to mitigate possible burdens from the hurricane season in the USA, was consolidated for the first time in the second quarter of 2006. In the third quarter of 2006, the company was deconsolidated. There were no other significant changes in the group of consolidated companies in the first nine months of 2006.

Foreign currency translation

Munich Re's presentation currency is the euro (€). The following table shows the exchange rates of the most important currencies for our business:

• †	· 1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Currency translation Rate for €1	30.9.2006 31.12.2005	Ω2 2006 Q2 2006 Q1 2006 Q3 2005 Q2 2005 Q1 2005
Australian dollar	1.69750 - 1.60800	1.68366[平元1.6837]年至61.62793 美元41.60501美元41.63782 6美元1.68700页
Canadian dollar 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.41325 3 2.37790	1.42841 [1.41098 1.38917 4 1.46595 41.56661 4 1.60773
Pound sterling	0.67815 0.68710	0.67980 0.68804 0.68640 0.68331 4 0.67843 5 0.69373
Rand N. Was a Mark Street Street	9.84030 7.48125	9.10997 3 8.12931 7.40214 7 7.93395 2 8.07194 7.87516
Swiss fienc	1.58845 71.55460	1.57688 4
US dollar F . The Same N	1.26675	1.27441 1.25700 1.20220 1.21973 1.21877 1.25887 1.31156
Yeil 对 图片设置 TPT。 计算程序 2019 1	149.5590	148.0810 - 143.7610 140.5450 135.6200 135.3510

Intangible assets

A	figures in	Erri.		· · ·			, .					- /-			1 1	11		30.9.200)6	31.12.2005
	Goodwill	l k	~ ` `		t ter	. ga A	300	70 (6 0)	+	(E1)	ode (An)	Zakies, 7	أيججر براوي	And The		- n		3,18	11	3,264
	Other Inte Software	ngibia	e assets)	etro o kirjaky			4	1	248.45 X	10 m	-1		· Vin	Gen S	े <u>हिं</u>			33 59	1,036 393
<u>-</u>]	Purchased	เกรมก	ence po	rtfolios			y		.	*. /s	•;		* -			. 7	•	50	53	577
	Other	11				•	•		TIL		1.00	A				- 4		(31	66
退	五		ر ال															4,16	14	ු 4800

Other securities – Available for sale

Al figures in £m	0	Carrying amount 30.9.2006 31.12.200		Unrealised gains/losses 31.12.2005		rtised cost -1 31.12.2005
Fixed-interest securities	 11	99,824 99,10	6 1,760	3,652	98,064	95,454
Non-fixed-interest securities - Shares	-	21,567 22,52	6,753	6,874	14,814	15,649
- Investment funds		1,835 1,91	1 388	336	1,447	1,575
- Others	+	562 . 91	2 36	н 111	526	801
11.7		23,964 25,34	6 7,177	7,321	16,787	18,025
y ta man a man		123,788 123/5	8,937	10,973	114,851	1113/479

Minority interests

These are mainly minority interests in the ERGO Insurance Group.

All figures in cm	. ,	• • • •		- 	2.33	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		Jan Sala	30.9.2006	31 12 20051
Unrealised gains and tosses					***			4 1	65	85
Consolidated result		•	•	1 1				<u> </u>	51	-75
Other equity			4 . ,		اع راه		. **	1	306	293
									422	453
ldjusted owing to first-time	e applicat	on of IAS	19 (rev. 2004).		, o		, 1960 g	is B		

Subordinated liabilities

Nunich Re Finance B.V., Amsterdam 7625%, £300m, Bonds 2003/2028	All figures in €m:					30.9.2006	31.12.2005
7625%, £300m, Bonds 2003/2028	6,75%, €3,000m, Bonds 2003/2023		ا اع	4	, 11	2,977	2,97
	At the contract of the contrac	 			4 · · · ·	439	43:

Notes and debentures

All figures in Em		30.9.2006 31:12.2005
Munich Re America Corporation!, Princeton 7.45%, US\$ 500m, Senior Notes 1996/2026 S&P rating: BBB+		394 423
ERGO International AG; Düsseldorf 2.25%, 345m, Bonds Exchangeable into E.ON AG Shares 2001/2006 0.75%, 345m, Bonds Exchangeable into Sanoti-Aventis S.A. Shares 2001/2006 S&P rating: A-		- 674
rtotal); I i l'annu le la	ری جینیا	394 <u>16097</u>
Formerly American Re Corporation.	a b	

Premiums

	//	Reinsurance	Primary insurance	Total
All figures in Em1		Froperty-casualty Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 2005	Life and health Property casualty	Qj-3 Q1-3
Gross premiums written	5,293 5,163	10,415 10,194	8,448 9,103 3,924 4,165	28,080 28,625
Change in uncarned premiums - Gross	-6 -27	-59 , 40	31 21 261 339	227 373
Gross darned premiums	5,299 5,190	10.474 10.153	8,417 9,082 3,663 3,826	27,853 28,252
Ceded fremiums written	304 - 389	763 761	99 128 242 237	1,408 . 1,515
Change in unearned premiums - Cedec share	-2 -7 ₈	25 35	- 33 39	56 67
Parnet preinfume =Codix	306 895	738 726	99 123 209 193	1,352 1,41 3
Net eat hed premiums	4,993 4,993	9,736 , 9,428	8,318 8,954 3,454 3,628	26,501 26,804
After elimination of intra-Group transactions acros	s segments.			

	1			,							
		<u> </u>		Re	nsurance			Primary i	insurance		Total
All figu es in €mi			nd health. Q3 2005								Q3 2005
Gross premiums v	ritten	1,760	1,728	3,413	3,398	2,758	2,944	1,086	1,175	9,017	9,245
Change in unearns	d premiums	27	-28	-77	-64	-12	-11	-171	-86	-233	-189
Gross arned pren	າໃນກາຣ) ເຂົ້າ ເຂົ້າ	1,733	1,7,56	3,490	3,462	2,770	2,955	1,25	1,261	. 9,250	9,434
Ceded premiums v	vritten 🛴 🛴 🛴 📜	85	185	310	., 246	29	44	17		441	535
Change in uncarne - Cederl share	d premiums"	9	-2	48	18	-	-1	-54	20	3	35
Earned premiums		76	187	262	228	29	45	ļ.,	40)	438	500
Net earned premit	ma and a second	1,657	1,569)	3,228	3 234)	2,741	2,910	1,166	1,221	8,812	8,934
After ulimination	of Intra-Group transactions acros	s segmén	ts.	1	47,77		···:v 32	7 SI	To a de		

Investment income and expenses by segment

		· ·	Rei	nsurance		100	Primary insurance	Asset management	Total
All figures in £m¹	Life an Q1-3 2006	d health: Ω1-3 2005	Property Q1-3 2006	Casualty 2 Q1-3 2015	Life a Q1-3 2006	nd health Q1-3 2005	Property-cesualty Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 2005	is the first that it is a second of the first term of the first te	Q1-3 Q1-3 2006 - 2005
Injestment liicoma Regular incoma	888	1,007	1,546	1,248	3,196	3,331	288 279	38 36	5,956 5,901
Income from write-ups	33	34	148	121	173	197.	4 12	1 -1 -1	358 354
Gitins on the disposal	290	327	1,266	1,197	1,436	1,541	221 250	3 . 2	3,216 . 3,317
Other income	-1	-	÷	[60	151	- : :-		60 . 151
	1,211	1,368	2,960	2,556	4,865	5,220	513 531	41 38	9,590 9,72
In restment expenses Write-downs of investments	64	- 39	292	157	701	489	17 20		1,075 700
Losses on the disposal	87	. 32	393	129	473	190	42 34		995 39
Management expenses, interest charges and other copenses	35	. 51	140	184	322	295	24 24	6 5	527
	186	122	825	[4B0	1,496	974	83 78	7 . 17	2,597 . 1,67
	1,025	1 246	2,135	2,086	3,369	4 246	430 453	34 20	6,993 8,05
After elimination of intra-Group	transactio	ons acros	s segmen	ts.		+3 Q (S			

			Rei	nsurance	l					nagement	L	Tota
All figures in Cm1		nd health . Q3 2005	Property Q3 2006	Casualty Q3 2005	Life a Q3 2006	nd health Q3 2005	O3 2006		2 64	O3 2005	O3 2006	O3 200
ri vestment income	253	206	526	510	958	1,063	81	87	11	11	1,829	1,87
ncome from write-ups	23	. 2	105	13	141	109	1	() mj=	-	. •-	270	12
Gilms on the disposal	72	163	317	β - " 665	333	595	28	3 107 <i>a</i>	1	2	751	1,53
Other income	-	-	_	[*:H#	37	. 62	-1	,	-	F	37	. 6
11. 排版 1460 1463 14	348	371	948	1,188	1,469	1,829	110	194	12	13	2,887	3,59
n vestment expenses Nrite-downs of investments	18	11	77	43	. 86	137	6	. 3	_	- 1	187	19
isses on the disposel	24		115	40	151	52	18	-17	_	2	308	3. 11
Management expenses, nterest charges and other propenses	11	,	50	73	82	94	11	13	2	. 2	156	. 20
dF.M(=200) #L(200) 1	53	401	242	156	· 319	- 7 283	. 35	. 33	2	5	651	. 51
tal language in the language i	295	(331)	706	1(32	1.150	1!546	75	161	100	(B)	2,236	3,07

Expenses for claims and benefits

. 11 1 2 3 4 5			L M						—	
			Rei	insurance			Primary i	nsurance		Total
	Life a Q1–3	nd health Q1-3	Property Q1-3	/-casualty Q1-3	Life a Q1-3	nd health Q1-3	Property Q1-3	} ,	Q1-3	Ω1-3
All figures in €m¹	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005 ²	2006	2005	2006	20052
Gross Claims and benefits paid	3,642	3,958	5,881	6,186	6,944	7,302	2,023	2,142	18,490	19,588
Change in underwriting provisions - Provision for future policy benefits	207	409	22	53	1,507	2,003	32	.34	1,768	2,499
-Provision for outstanding claims	206	356	787	2,304	8	53	28	318	1,029	2,319
- Provision for premium refunds	-1	-10	!¹: -	3	1,538	1,630	14	11	1,551	1,634
Other underwriting result	-4	-	50	10	151	550	3)	14	200	574
Gross expenses for claims and benefits	4,050	4/001	6,740	8,556	10,148	111538	2,100	2,519	23,038	26,614
Coded silere Claims and benefits paid	147	138	i 492	709	48	68	155	144	842	1,059
Change in underwriting provisions - Provision for future policy benefits	50	93.	-	<u> </u>	60	, 69	_ [, , <u></u>	110	162
-Provision for outstanding claims	27	73	-81	. 89	-8		-34	98	-96	260
- Provision for premium refunds	-	5 : -	<u> </u>	1.422	-	× " -	-1	· ´-	_	· ^
Other underwriting result	_	j	F		-	.	-1	11	-1	. 11
Ceded stare, of expenses for claims and benefits	224	303	411	798	100	137	120	253)	855	1,492
Net Claims and benefits paid	3,495	3,820	5,389	5,477	6,896	7,234	1,868	1,998	17,648	18,529
Change in underwriting provisions - Provision for future policy benefits	157	2316 ≥316	. 22	53	1,447	1,934	32	34	1,658	2,337
-Provision for outstanding claims	179	429	868	2,215	16	53	62	220	1,125	2,059
- Provision for premium refunds	-1	-10	-	. , . 3	1,538	1,630	14	11	1,551	1,634
Other underwriting result	-4	85 G	50	10	151	550	4	` ` 3	201	563
Net exp inses for claims and benefits	8,626	3,697	6,329	7,758	10,013	00/400	0.980	2,266	22,033	25,122
After elimination of intra-Group transactions across	s segmen ev. 2004)	ts."." 3. 4. 6.	T.							

Expenses for claims and benefits

		Reinsurance		Primary insurance:	Tota
Al figures in 6m		Property-casualty	Life and health Q3 2006 Q3 20052	Property-casualty	
Gioss Claims and benefits paid	817 1,844	2,147 2,088	2,293	665 672	5,922 × 7,014
lange in underwriting provisions	73 116	12 4	479 567:	12 on 15	576 70
provision for outstanding claims 1000 ()	473 -623	29 - 1,629	10 🖟 🗦 . 12	2 276	514 1,29
Provision for premium refunds 🚁 🔭 🤫	-142 創門	2] 第1	606	5 6	612 52
Other underwriting result:	3 [14-3]	14] - 光表10。	70[쇼투 430	3 10	90 , 744
G oss expenses for claims and benefits	1,365 . 1)534	2,204 . 8982	3,458 3,936	687 <u>1 979</u>	7,714 9,98
Cided share	-39 31	186 3 223	12 20	77 36	236 31
lange in underwriting provisions	42 76	- 184	24 32	- 17 8 4 3 - 17 8 4 3	66 3 10
rovision for outstanding claims	57 7 54	-22 汽港217	- 東語語1	-62 T 139	-27 3040
Provision for premium refunds	-E.M.E	-164116	- C -5	-13:15	- × 4.5
Thei underwriting results		- 1位銀行	Marie 10	1	1 %.
cled share of expenses for claims and benefits	60 (G)	164 (440)	36 (47)	16 1 1 75	276 . 8
ver land tenefits paid?	856 1.813	1,961 E 1,865	2,281 2,390	588 1 636	5,686 6,70
lange in underwriting provisions Provision for future policy benefits	31 40	12 2 4	455 535	12 15	510 55
Provision for outstanding claims	416 -677	51 1,412	10 753 - 13	64 137	541 🕸 🗸 88
Provision for premium refunds	-11/2/周續	2 3 1	606 🔯 522	5 3 6	612 52
Iner underwriting result	3 3 3 3	14 [集集] 10		2 2 10	89 344
at expenses for claims and benefits	0,805 0,73	2,040 3,292	8,422 (3,889)	670 (804)	7,486 9,1
After elimination of intra-Group transactions across Adjusted owing to first time application of IAS 19 (i					

Operating expenses

						10'-10 1 1 1 1		10.00			
			ï	Rei	nsurance			Primary	insurance		Total
	Life ar	id health	Pic	perty	-casualty	Life a	nd health	Property	casualty	aya terliyey	Kraj ² e rija
All figures in Cm	2006	01±3≠ 2005		01=3 2006	. OJ:31 2005	201-3 2006	2-3101-3- 4-20052		Q1-3 2005	. 01–3 ^1 42006	Q1-3 #20052
Acquisit on costs	-13	582 –583	1	52	2 8313)	834	1,036		709	-	1,700
Management expenses (48.48.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18.18	185	£ 200174	1	579	557	312	376	487	基本表526	1,563	1,633
Amortis ition of PVFP, And The Base of the PvFP		2	Į į	-	- 長さ	14	37	_	MINS-	15	A 39
Reinsurince commission and profit commission	1,358	1,417	12	,156	2,217	16	16	7	12	3,537	3,662
Gross of eratting expenses	1,531	1,535		,787	2,787	1,176	9,465	1,228	1/247	6,722	7,034
Ceded share of acquisition costs	-16	<u>-2</u> √	,	-7	-3	31	3 .	-3	2	51	2) B/=
Commission received on ceded business	97	125	· *	205	191	-10	14	30	₹ 29	322	359
Operati geograpia	6 1	1128)		198	188	21	197	27	នា	327	859
Net ope ating expanses to the second	1,450	0/312		,589	2,599	1,155	1/23	1,201	1,216)	6,395	6,675
After el mination of intra-Group transactions acros	s segment	s, ₹			e cell		مرجور کی سم ای مسید در در مع مهرکار در				

			ŀ					
			Reinsurance				Total	
All figures in cm'		nd health Q3 2005					Property-casualty Q3 2006 Q3 2005	
Acquisition costs	4	-12	57	13	272	299	259 . 223	592 523
Management expenses	60	57	215	174	101	126	163 159	539 516
Amortisistion of PVFP	-	* 3-1	I I	1.5	5	ر ان المان المان المان ا	_ _	5 7
Reinsunince commission and profit commission	450	. 519	667	. 725	5	, ' , ', '5	3 3	1,125 1,254
Gross o erating expenses	514	564	939	912	383	437	425 887	2,261 2,300
Ceded share of acquisition costs	-1	-6	-9	-6] 3	16	2 1 7 3	-5 ° -7
Commission received on ceded business	14	80	67	, 55	-5	6	13 . ~ 10	89 151
Operati indispenses ≃Cedec Shiric	, 13	743	58	49	-2	22	15 1	84 . 158
Net ope ating expenses	501	490	881	1 863	385	415	410 872	2,177 2132
After e mination of intra-Group transactions acros	s segmen	 ts	11,-	j. Pos	? Ř. 5 .	<u>*</u>		

Number of staff

The number of staff employed by the Group as at 30 September 2006 totalled 25,724 (27,063) in Germany and 11,064 (10,890) in other countries.

	(大) [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]
Reinsurance companies	(4) (2) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
Primary insurance companies	·
As let management	768
	36,768 324

Contingent liabilities, other financial commitments

In comparison with the situation at 31 December 2005, there have been no material changes in financial commitments of significance for the assessment of the Group's financial position. No contingent liabilities have been entered into for the benefit of Board members.

Earnings per share

The earnings per share figure is calculated by dividing the consolidated result for the reporting period by the weighted average number of shares.

								1
	1	14	, n · , -∯ ·	, info	€Q1-3 2006	Q1-3 2005	~ 'Q3'200	6 ∛ ∵ Q3 2005¹
Consolidated result attributable to Munich Re equity holders	11.			€m	2,799	1,340	i - 71	5 494
Weighted average number of shares	ī		- 1		227,798,199	228,287,183	227,500,16	3 227,992,836
Ea nings pensinare	ترت			ઉ	1220	5.87	280	5 2.17
A justed owing to first-time application of IAS 18 (rev. 2004).						3 2.5		

Events after the balance sheet date

The acquisition by ERGO of a majority stake in the Turkish insurance group Isvicre, which was agreed on 24 July 2006, became legally effective at the beginning of October after the competent Turkish authorities had given the requisite approvals. ERGO thus holds a 65.1% stake in the Isviçre Group. Further shares will shortly be acquired, raising. EFIGO's future shareholding to 75%. The total purchase price will amount to €213.8m. The group includes Turkey's fifth-largest property-casualty insurer (Isviçre Sigorta), which focuses on personal lines business, but it also operates in the strongly growing segments of life and health. Isvicre will be consolidated in our financial statements as from the fourth quarter of 2006. At present, its incorporation into our Group-wide reporting processes is not yet concluded, so that the furnishing of detailed figures is currently not possible.

The Group plans to sell a significant portion of its German real estate. The items involved are office, commercial and residential buildings located mainly in large cities but also in medium-sized centres. The intended sale will be carried out using a bidding process. As it is not yet sufficiently certain whether the prices expected by the Group can be achieved on the market, it is currently open whether the items will actually be sold.

At its meeting on 7 November 2006, the Board of Management resolved to buy back Munich Re shares via the stock exchange up to the 2007 Annual General Meeting.

The buy-back volume is limited to one billion euros, and the intention is to retire the shares after acquisition.

Important dates

Balance sheet meeting of the Supervisory Board
Annual report for the business year, 2006
Balance sheet press conference
Analysts' conference
Annual General Meeting
Interim report at 31 March 2007
Interim report at 30 June 2007

Interim report at 30 September 2007

The official German original of this quarterly report is also available from the Company. In addition, you will find copies of our annual reports and interim reports, along with further current information about Munich Re and its shares, on our internet website (http://www.munichre.com).

Service for investors and analysts

If you have general questions on Munich Re shares, please use our shareholder hotline:

Tel.: (0 1802) 2262 10

E-mail: shareholder@munichre.com

If you are an institutional investor or analyst, please contact our investor relations team:

Tel.: +49(89) 3891-3901 Fax: +49(89) 3891-9888

E-mail: investorrelations@munichre.com

Service for media

Journalists receive information from our Press Division:

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